Parks fuel the economy.

Parks make us healthier.

Parks clean and cool the air.

Parks clean and manage stormwater.

Parks renew the spirit.

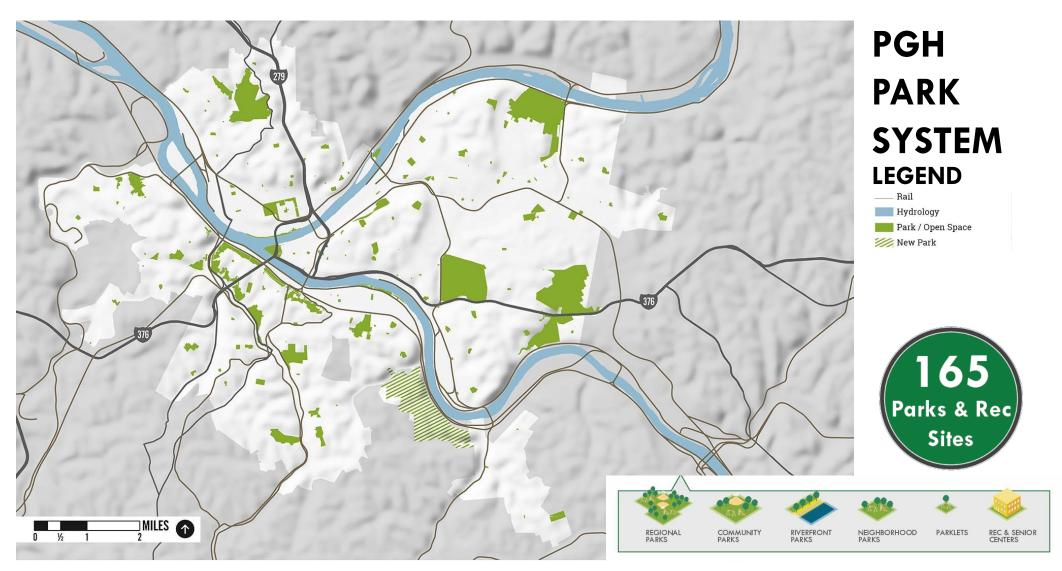
Parks create community.

Parks are free.
Parks are for everyone.
Parks Transform Cities.

PITTSBURGH IS A CITY OF PARKS & GREEN SPACE

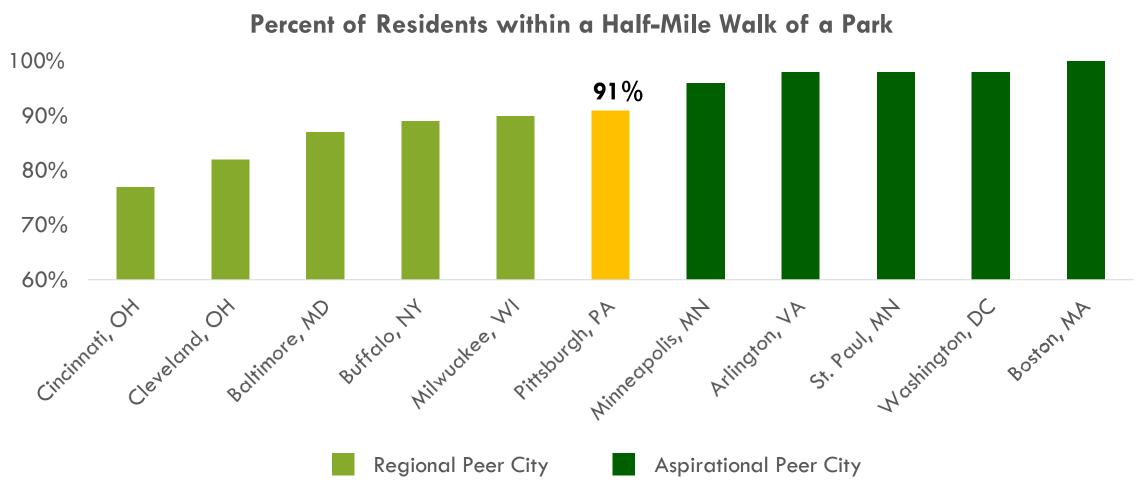






BENEFITS OF PITTSBURGH'S PARKS SYSTEM

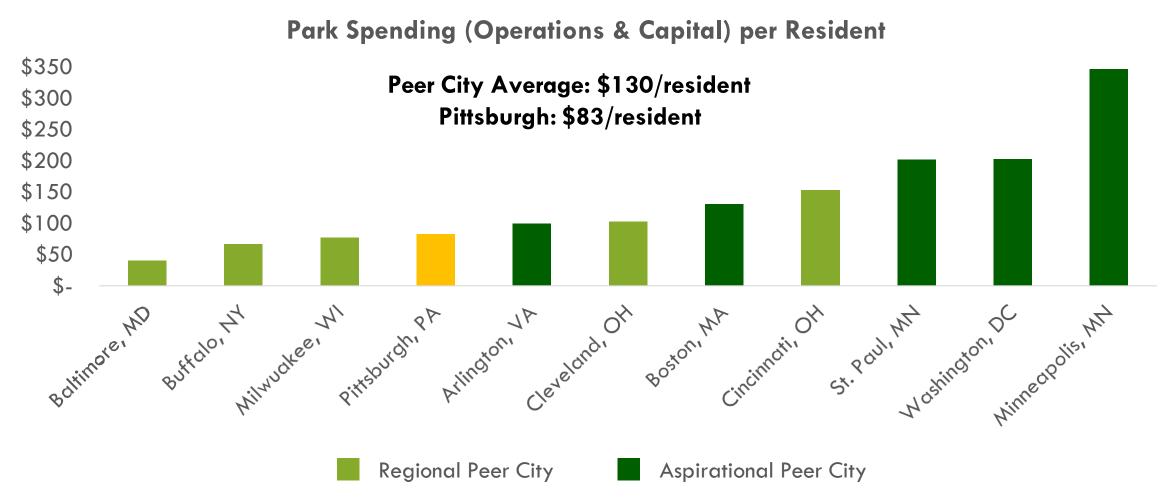
Pittsburghers have better access to open space than their regional peers. As in aspirational cities, 90+% of residents can walk to a park.



Source: Trust for Public Land, 2019

BENEFITS OF PITTSBURGH'S PARKS SYSTEM

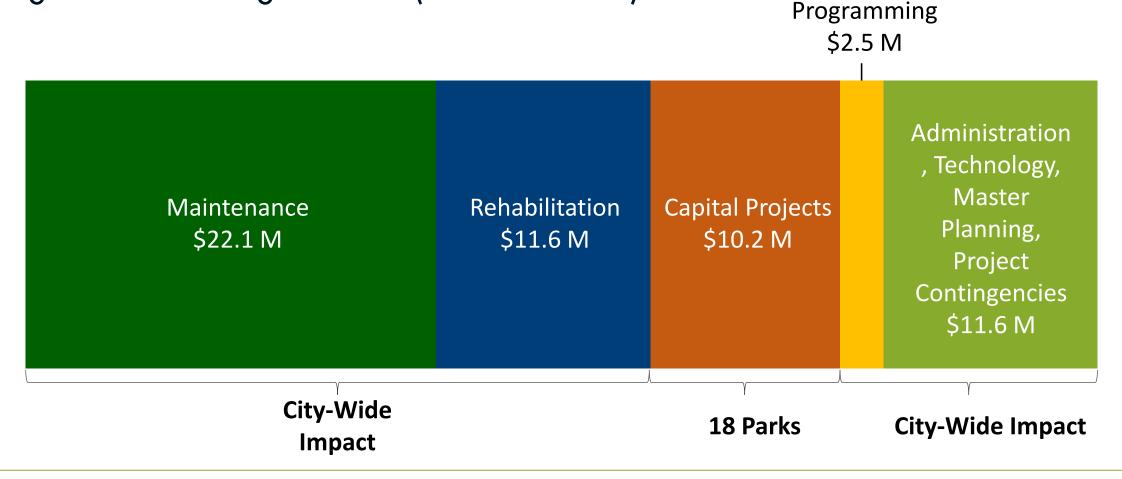
Despite relatively good access to green space, Pittsburgh parks are underinvested in compared to both Regional and Aspirational Peers.



Source: Trust for Public Land, 2019

THE BENEFITS OF RESTORING PITTSBURGH'S PARKS SYSTEM

The proposed referendum will allocate \$57 million in new funds across five budget areas during Phase 1 (2020 – 2025).



Over 80% of new referendum funds will be directed to improving all parks in every neighborhood.

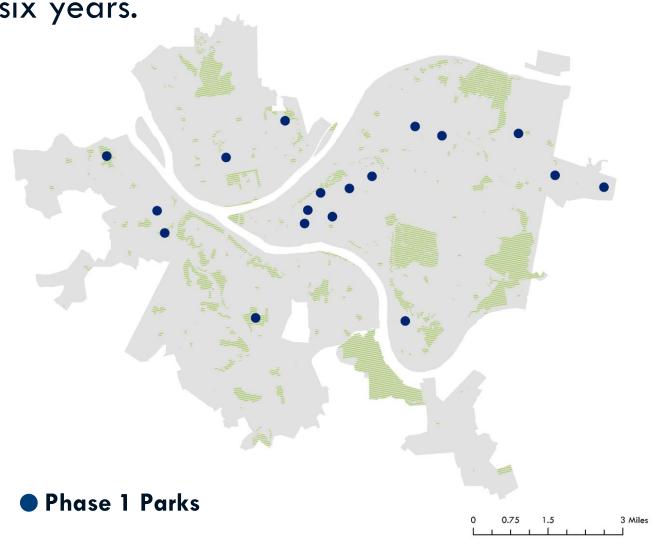
Source: Pittsburgh Parks Conservancy

THE BENEFITS OF RESTORING PITTSBURGH'S PARKS SYSTEM

Over \$10 million will target capital transformations in 18 neighborhood parks across 15 neighborhoods in the first six years.

Phase 1 Capital Allocation

1	Baxter Park	10	Albert Turk Graham Park
2	McKinley Park	11	West End Park
3	Spring Hill Park	12	Fort Pitt Park
4	Kennard Park	13	Robert E. Williams Park
5	Ammon Park	14	Vincennes Park
6	Paulson Rec Center	15	Granville Park
7	Kite Hill Park	16	Jefferson Park
8	East Hills Park	1 <i>7</i>	Sheraden Park
9	Lewis Park	18	Townsend Park



Source: Pittsburgh Parks Conservancy

Restoring Pittsburgh Parks is an opportunity to invest in neighborhoods that have historically been underserved.

	Neighborhoods with Parks Receiving Capital Investments in First 6 Years	City		
Families Living Below Poverty Line	31%	15%		
Median Household Income	\$30,236	\$44,092		
Non-White Population	70 %	34%		

The first 18 parks to receive major capital investment serve neighborhoods of greatest need.

Source: American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates (2013-2017), HR&A analysis

^{*} Park data based on census tracts

The return on investment in park system restoration will be high. The cost will be equitably distributed.

- Three-quarters of homeowners will pay less than \$66 per year. Three-quarters of renters will pay less than \$30 per year.
- Commercial property owners will pay at least a third of the total cost.
- Investment will increase home values without displacing residents or altering community character.
- High-quality park systems attract employers, accelerate the pace of commercial development, and generate new tax revenue.
- Well-maintained and programmed parks cost-effectively provide entertainment, wellness and childcare.
- Timely maintenance reduces future costs and ensures safety.
- Cities that are home to this country's greatest parks systems are also its healthiest cities.

Across the country, healthy parks and park systems are creating value and driving economic development.

Katy Trail

Dallas, TX

Residential property values: +25% in 7 years

Fountain Square

Cincinnati, OH

Commercial owners: invested \$150M after renovation



Major employers: nationally, the #5 driver of site selection

Source: HR&A analysis; Gensler, "Investing in Open Space," 2012

In residential neighborhoods, investment and reinvestment in parks increases home values by 5-25%, depending on location and analytic methodology.

Toronto Waterfront

Toronto, ON

~5% premium, condo resale prices compared to the city over 8 years

Barton Creek Greenbelt

Austin, TX

~12% premium, home value compared to nearby over 2 years

The 606

Chicago, IL

~25% premium, home prices compared to the city over 3 years

In established neighborhoods protected by zoning, neighborhood plans, and/or effective community advocates, the Park Premium is mostly due to increases in value of existing properties, not new development.

Source: HR&A analysis

Continuing to defer park maintenance will increase costs for our children and other future Pittsburghers.

National experience suggests the proposed Phase 1 \$33.6M maintenance & rehabilitation expenditure will become \$168M if deferred.

Deferring maintenance can lead to:

- Liability from hazards (e.g. tripping)
- A rise in repair costs due to asset deterioration
- Increased capital replacement costs
- Greater labor costs from emergency labor and overtime
- A decline in public perception

Conservatively, implementation of RPP may yield a 10% increase in property values within park walksheds, mostly from commercial property appreciation.

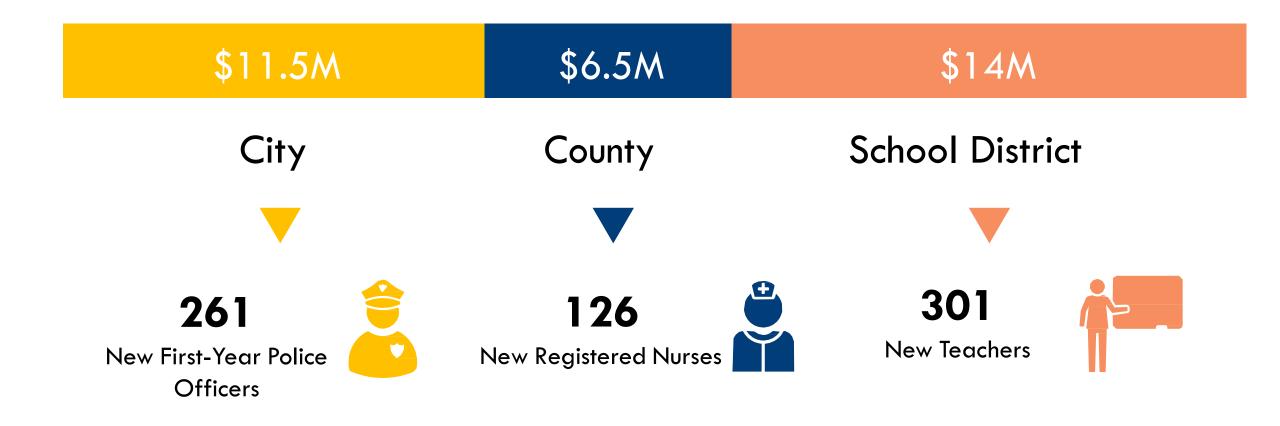


- From 2016 to 2019, as Pittsburgh has continued to reinvest in itself, growth in commercial value has been 3X+ residential value growth.
- RPP will strengthen both residential and commercial areas, but fiscal impact is likely to be greatest in commercial areas.
- Led by job-creating commercial development, \$32 million in new tax revenues are plausible.

Source: WPRDC Property Assessments (2019), HR&A analysis

^{*} Assumes a 10-year time horizon.

\$32M in new public revenues could provide a variety of benefits.



^{*} Assumes a 10-year time horizon.

Source: WPRDC Property Assessments (2019), Pittsburgh Gov't Payroll, HR&A analysis

INCREASED VALUE FOR HOMEOWNERS

As in the rest of the country, reinvestment in Pittsburgh parks increases property owners' home values and long-term wealth-building.

50%

2009 – 2019 value growth in residential properties within 3 blocks of August Wilson Park

37%

2009 – 2019 value growth in residential properties within the entire August Wilson Park walkshed









Source: WPRDC Property Assessments (2009, 2019), HR&A analysis

INCREASED VALUE FOR HOMEOWNERS

After RPP, we should expect a market response in other Pittsburgh neighborhoods similar to that seen in the Hill District.

\$185,000

Average market value in West End walkshed for single family, condominium and cooperative units

13%

Potential premium above baseline growth, following investment in West End Park

\$209,000

Potential average market value supported by investments in West End Park







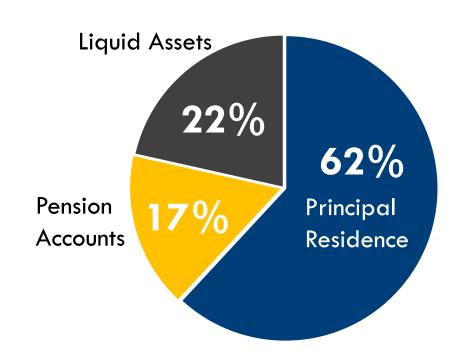


Source: Zillow, WPRDC Property Assessments (2009, 2019), HR&A analysis

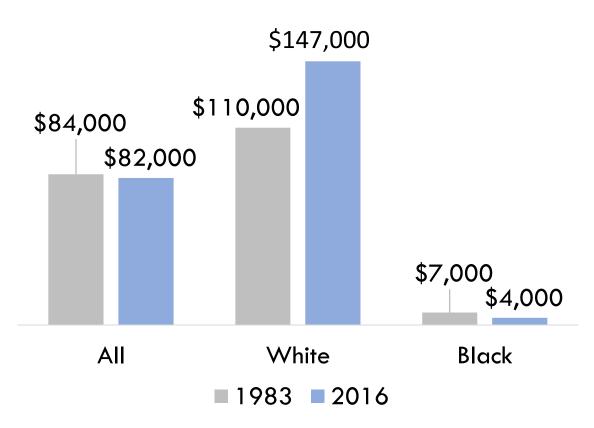
INCREASED VALUE FOR HOMEOWNERS

Home value is the main source of wealth for most middle-class households. Stabilizing home value is a highly effective way to combat inequality.





National Average Wealth By Race



Source: Edward N. Wolff, Deconstructing Household Wealth Trends in the United States, 1983 to 2016, 11/2017. Chuck Collins et al., Dreams Deferred: How Enriching the 1% Widens the Racial Wealth Divide, Institute for Policy Studies, 1/2019.

Increasingly, cities are creating equitable investment strategies to provide quality amenities and neighborhood parks that benefit all.



Minneapolis, MN

Equity-based criteria inform investments



Miami-Dade, FL

Master Plan identifies underserved communities



Los Angeles, CA

Needs assessment highlights funding inequities



Washington, D.C.

11th Street Bridge Park planning engages vulnerable communities

The successful restoration of August Wilson Park is an example of an equitable park planning and implementation process in Pittsburgh.





2009 2019

August Wilson has become an important hub and anchor location for local organizations that:

Keep children, youth, and seniors active and engaged.



Provide opportunities for community members to learn and create.



Bring the community together.

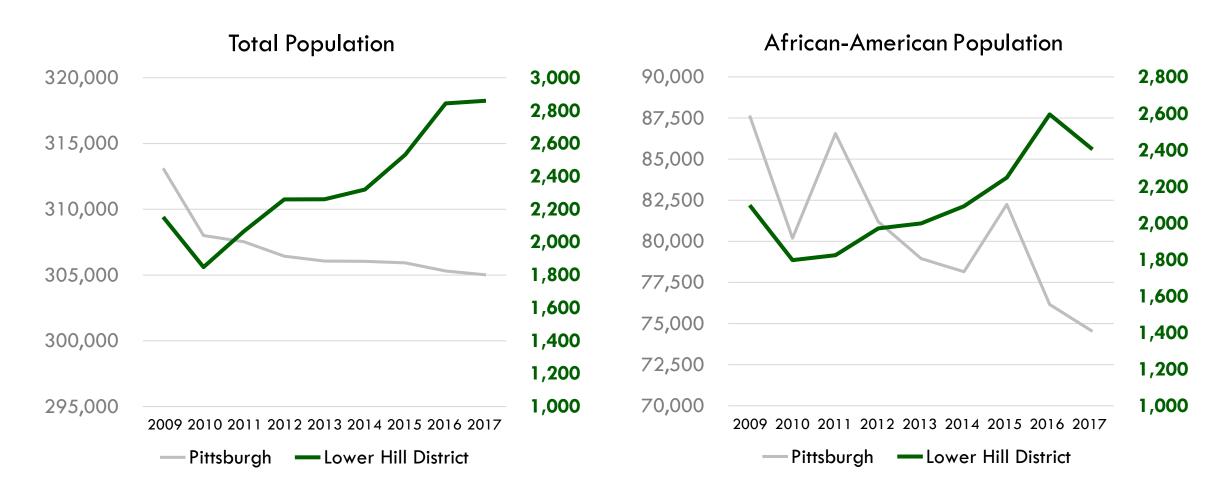


Ozanam Basketball Clinic

Art in the Park for Seniors

Hill District Block Party

Neighborhood stabilization, led by smaller projects including implementation of the Greenprint Plan, is well underway.



Source: American Community Survey, 3-yr and 5-yr estimates, 2009-2017

The RPP initiative aims to benefit all communities, following on the example of August Wilson Park.



Funding

Implementation

Park Equity Assessments



Citywide needs assessment, integration with community planning

Broad Engagement



Parks Listening Tours, community survey over 5 months

Equitable Investment



Focus on 18 highest-need parks, increased maintenance standards across the city

CommunitySupporting Outcomes



Neighborhood park investments that create local employment opportunities

Working for Pittsburgh parks provides Pittsburghers with quality public sector jobs and benefits.



The people who keep Pittsburgh's parks clean and safe receive high quality benefits, including:

- Health coverage
- Life and disability insurance
- Retirement plan
- Tuition reimbursements*
- Transportation benefits

^{*} Tuition reimbursements apply to City employees only. City employees also receive municipal pension plan. Source: City of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh Parks Conservancy.

Working for Pittsburgh parks is an opportunity for career growth and to learn new skills.

"Working as a lifeguard has honed my public speaking and conflict resolution skills. I've learned to manage people. My confidence has grown a lot in my seven years here."

Veronica, 24, Head Lifeguard

"With my promotion, I've absolutely learned new skills, including managerial and leadership skills. I am responsible for coordinating across multiple sites and teams in the city."

Example DPW Career Trajectory	Salary
<u>Laborer</u> Mowing lawns, doing weed work, etc.	\$42k
Foreman Overseeing laborers	\$47k
Operations Manager Handling park team logistics	\$72k
Assistant Director Overseeing all operations	\$99k

Sara, Site Monitor, CitiParks Food Program

Source: City of Pittsburgh FY 2019 Operating Budget.

Park improvement projects provide opportunities to partner with organizations to meet local workforce development goals.

The redevelopment of McKinley Park, underway since 2016, sought partnerships with community organizations and bids from neighborhood contractors to support local employment.*







^{* 10%} of total McKinley Park contracts were awarded to GoSupreme and Landforce, local organizations with workforce development missions.

Collaborations between workforce development organizations like Landforce and Pittsburgh parks create economic opportunities and foster career growth.



- Deron had thousands of dollars in fines tied to a suspended driver's license.
- While a Landforce crew member, Deron worked in three of Pittsburgh's parks and saved diligently.
- Landforce helped Deron stay on track with his payment plan, identify potential career pathways, and secure a spot in a plumber's apprentice training program with a clean driver's license.
- Deron has been employed ever since, supporting his family and setting new goals for himself.

Source: Thomas Guentner, Landforce.

Economic impact analysis estimates the multiplier effects of direct impacts in the economy.

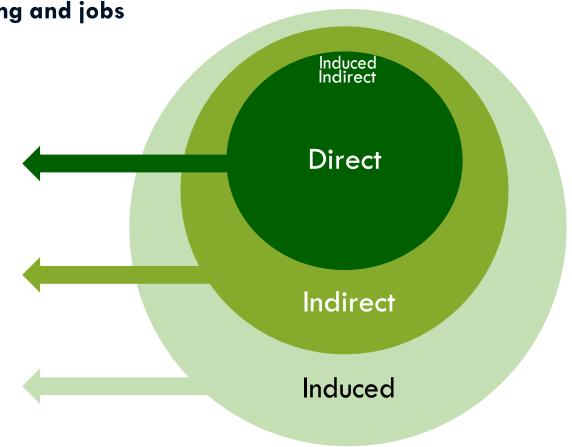
HR&A's analysis considers the one-time and ongoing impacts of RPP's proposed budget spending, in terms of additional spending and jobs supported across Allegheny County.

DIRECT
IMPACTS

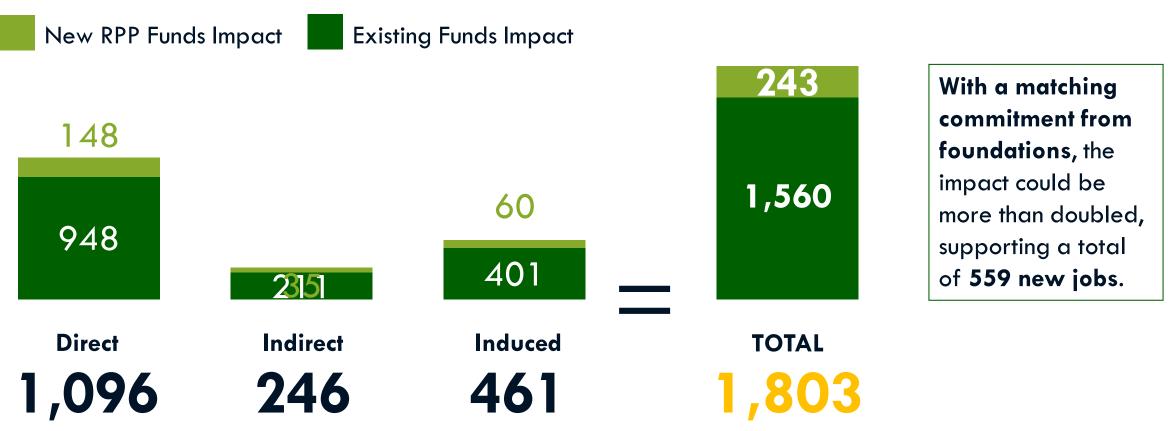
Effects from jobs supported by RPP spending, e.g a DPW employee working in a park

Effects of business spending resulting from direct effects, e.g. a job at a manufacturer of DPW equipment

Effects of household spending resulting from direct and indirect effects, e.g. a job at a coffee shop patronized by the DPW employee



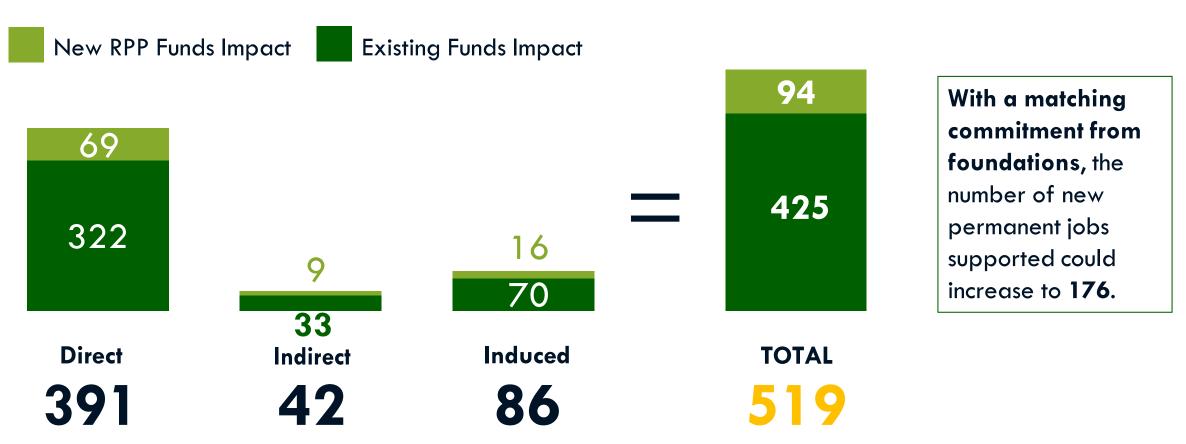
RPP's capital investment may create **243 new construction-related jobs, a 16%** increase over the impact of existing funds.



^{*} Although the calculated impacts are across Allegheny County, most of the direct and induced impacts are expected to be within the City of Pittsburgh, due to residency requirements.

Source: Pittsburgh Parks Conservancy, IMPLAN, HR&A analysis

The referendum will also support additional maintenance and programming, creating **94 new permanent jobs in the local economy**.



^{*} Although the calculated impacts are across Allegheny County, most of the direct and induced impacts are expected to be within the City of Pittsburgh, due to residency requirements.

Source: Pittsburgh Parks Conservancy, IMPLAN, HR&A analysis

Major improvement efforts in Mellon Square and Highland Park strengthened the local commercial centers adjacent to these parks.

Highland Park

In 2005, the Pittsburgh Parks Conservancy and the Highland Park community restored this grand park entry garden.

Mellon Square

Mellon Square reopened in 2014 after a six-year restoration, bringing urban revitalization through historic preservation.





Both on neighborhood "Main Streets" and in the heart of downtown, investment in parks spurs investment in commercial activity.

H	ig	h	land	Par	k
	- 3				

80%

2009 – 2019 value growth in commercial properties within 4 blocks of Highland Park entrance (half of the entire walkshed)

49%

2009 – 2019 value growth in commercial properties within the entire Highland Park walkshed

Mellon Square

87%

2009 – 2019 value growth in commercial properties within 1 block of Mellon Square

34%

2009 – 2019 value growth in commercial properties within the entire Mellon Square walkshed

31%

Premium above baseline growth

53%

Premium above baseline growth

Source: WPRDC Property Assessments (2009, 2019), HR&A analysis

^{*} Commercial properties include mixed-use and multifamily buildings (with 5 and more dwelling units), which are a part of the commercial real estate stock with institutional investors, as opposed to the smaller owner-occupied and -rented stock.

Allegheny Commons is well-positioned for development to support a more vibrant and active neighborhood.

The recently restored Northeast
Fountain anchors a prominent corner
of Allegheny Commons, in the
Allegheny West Historic District.

Together with pathways, signage, benches and other amenities, the fountain is the first step towards the transformation of the park.



After RPP, growth in commercial property values similar to that seen in Downtown or on Bryant Street could be seen around Allegheny Commons.

\$275M

Current total assessed value of commercial properties within 3 blocks of Allegheny Commons

31% - 53%

Range of potential premiums above 10-year baseline growth, following investment in Allegheny Commons

\$85M - \$146M

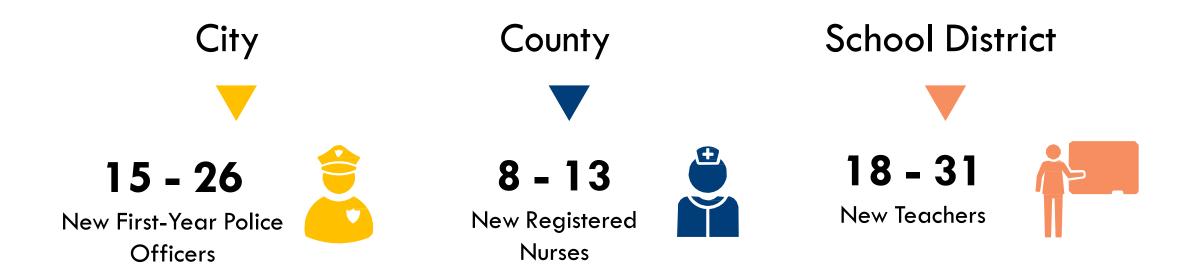
Potential total range of Park Premium over 10 years, within 3 blocks of Allegheny Commons





Source: WPRDC Property Assessments (2009, 2019), HR&A analysis

The increased property tax revenues from commercial properties around Allegheny Commons could cover the yearly cost of the following amenities:*



^{*} Assumes 2019 millage rates and a 10-year time horizon.

Source: WPRDC Property Assessments (2009, 2019), HR&A analysis

Pittsburghers experience health risks typical of the country, but at higher rates than in Aspirational Peer cities.

1 in 10 Pittsburghers suffer from asthma compared to... 8% of St. Paul residents

1 in 10 Pittsburghers have diabetes compared to... 6% of Minneapolis residents

Nearly 1 in 3 Pittsburghers are obese compared to... 22% of Bostonians

Source: Center for Disease Control, 500 Cities Project, 2018.

Cities that invest more in their parks and recreation facilities are healthier and more active.

Aspirational Peers

Regional Peers

		Pittsburgh	Arlington	Minneapolis	Washington	St. Paul	Boston	Milwaukee	Buffalo	Baltimore	Cincinnati	Cleveland
thy mes	Fitness Index Ranking	16	1	3	6	7	19	25	41	52	57	65
Healthy Outcomes	Percent of Population in Excellent or Very Good Health	56%	71%	57%	66%	53%	54%	49%	51%	47%	49%	45%
luality estment	TPL Park Score Ranking	22	4	3	1	2	13	24	47	66	8	35
Park Quality and Investment	Park Spending per Resident	\$83	\$100	\$347	\$203	\$202	\$130	\$77	\$67	\$40	\$153	\$103

Source: Trust for Public Land, 2019; ACSM, American Fitness Index, 2019.

The referendum will raise over \$19 million* in funding for programming, facility improvements and new personnel, supporting more fitness opportunities.

Examples of investment in health programs and facilities include:

\$500k

Hire more lifeguards and extend swimming hours

\$100k

Replace gym floors for increased youth rec programs

\$1M+

Add new fitness equipment at all rec centers

\$1M

Upgrade fitness facilities at 13 senior centers

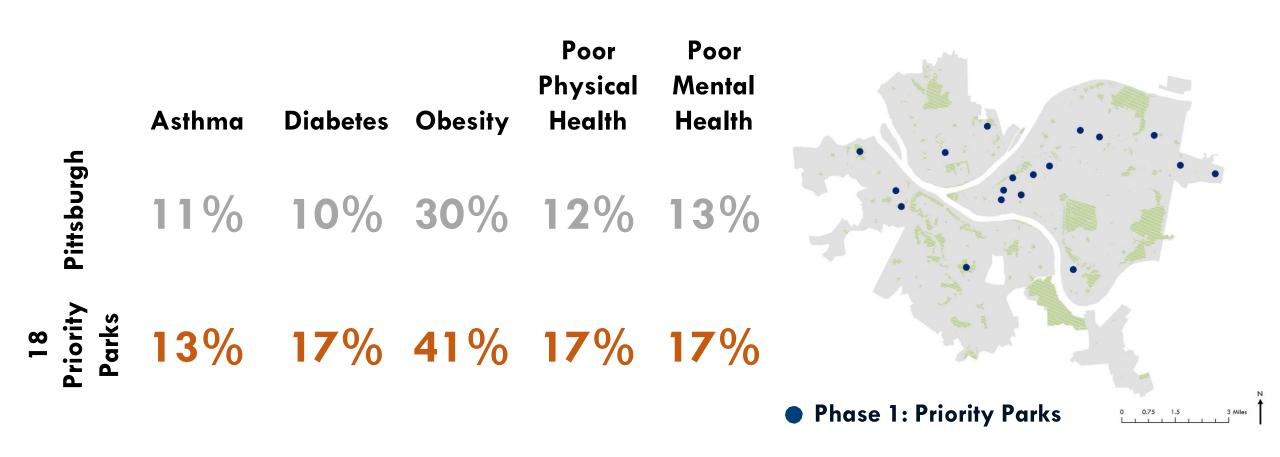
\$750k
Upgrade HVAC

equipment at gyms

\$70k per shuttle
Increase senior access to
facilities

^{* \$19} million is the combined total of programming and rehabilitation funds that would be allocated in the first six years, as well as the allocated funding for capital improvements to the Paulson Rec Center.

The referendum will also deliver capital improvements directly to neighborhoods with higher rates of unhealthy conditions.



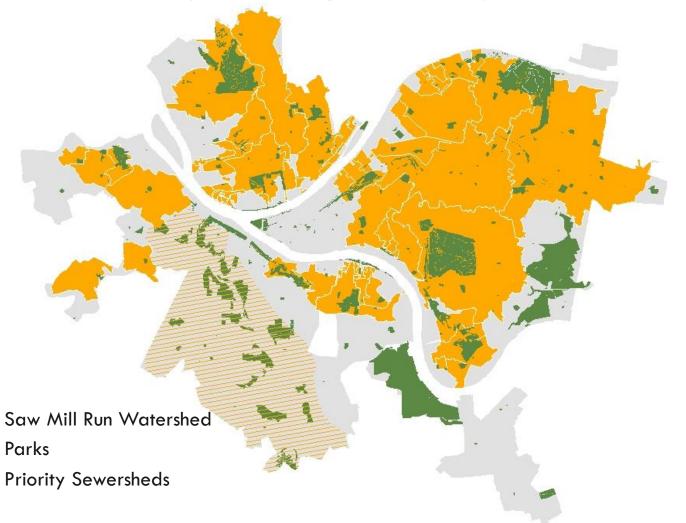
Source: Center for Disease Control, 500 Cities Project, 2018.

Investment in parks is an investment in Pittsburgh's ability to manage flood risk

and stormwater.

81% of Pittsburgh parks acreage is located in priority sewersheds*

Over **80%** of Pittsburgh's CSO* reductions can be addressed in just six of the 30 highest priority sewersheds



Source: Pittsburgh Parks Conservancy, PWSA, ALCOSAN

^{**}A combined sewer overflow (CSO) occurs when rain causes the sewer system to reach capacity and overflow, discharging a mix of stormwater and sewage.



^{*}A sewershed is an area of land where all the sewers flow to a single point. Priority sewersheds include the 55 sewersheds identified by PWSA as those that generate the highest volumes of stormwater runoff as well as Saw Mill Run sewershed.

PWSA's City-Wide Green First Plan positions the city's **parks as a solution** to Pittsburgh's historic and ongoing flooding issues.

The plan proposes **green infrastructure designs and interventions** to achieve CSO reduction in the following parks:









Highland Park

RPP will allocate over \$55* million more that could support green infrastructure improvements in parks throughout the city, leading to a more resilient Pittsburgh.







^{* \$44} million is the combined total of maintenance and rehabilitation funds that would be allocated in the first six years, as well as the allocated funding for capital improvements in 4 priority parks located in highest priority sewer sheds.

The Pittsburgh Climate Action Plan 3.0 calls for increased tree canopy across Pittsburgh. Park land plays an important role in achieving this goal.

The Pittsburgh Climate Action Plan 3.0 aims to increase the city's tree canopy from 42% to 60% by 2030.

There are \sim **700** acres of available park land where \sim **840,000** new trees could be planted.

Urban trees improve air quality, capture and slow stormwater, and sequester CO2.



Furthermore, smart parks operations can help achieve the Climate Action Plan's greenhouse gas reduction goals by investing in energy-efficient technology.



Capital funding can be used to cover parking lots in the city's parks with solar panels, generating clean energy and reducing CO2 emissions.



Maintenance funding can be used to replace the park maintenance fleet with fuel-efficient vehicles, reducing CO2 emissions and saving money on fuel.