

June 5, 2024

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Mr. Lucas Kammerer, E.I.T. PVE, LLC 2000 Georgetown Dr., Suite #101 Sewickley, PA 15143

Re: Josephine St Townhomes
City of Pittsburgh, 16th Ward – Allegheny County
PA DEP Sewage Facilities Planning Module
ALCOSAN Point of Connection M-16

Dear Mr. Kammerer,

We have reviewed the Component 3 Planning Module for the referenced project to be located in City of Pittsburgh, 16th Ward. The project will generate peak flows of 14,200 gpd in the ALCOSAN Monongahela River Interceptor and Woods Run Treatment Plant.

The capacity at the ALCOSAN M-16 structure is approximately 6.61 MGD. The previously monitored peak dry weather flows are 1.96 MGD. Dry weather capacity exists for this connection. However, the ALCOSAN Monongahela River Interceptor and the Woods Run Treatment Plant do not have the capacity for the flows generated by tributary communities during wet weather periods. This limitation will be addressed as ALCOSAN implements its Clean Water Plan.

ALCOSAN requests that this letter be made part of the planning module submission. The signed Component 3 Planning Module is attached. The sewers in this project are to be designed as separated sanitary and storm sewers. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact me at 412-732-8053.

Sincerely,

ALLEGHENY COUNTY SANITARY AUTHORITY

Shawn P. McWilliams, EIT

Project Engineer

Attachment

Cc: Christina Dean (w/o attachment)
Leslie Sanford (w/o attachment)
Michael Lichte (w/o attachment)

Zach Rinker/ PWSA (w/o attachment)
Mahbuba Iasmin/ PADEP (w/o attachment)
Issa Tijani/ ACHD (w/o attachment)



SEWAGE FACILITIES PLANNING MODULE COMPONENT 3

Josephine Street Townhomes

SITUATE IN:

CITY OF PITTSBURGH ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

PREPARED FOR:

Laurel Communities 2585 Washington Rd Pittsburgh, PA 15241

20230149

April 5, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sewage Facilities Planning Module – Component 3

• Appendix

Appendix A: Site Location Map

Appendix B: Soils Map

Appendix C: Supplement to Section E – Utility Availability Letter from PWSA

Appendix D: Supplement to Section F – Project Narrative

Appendix E: Supplement to Section G.3 – Plot Plans for Sewage Facilities Planning

Purposes

o Appendix F: Supplement to Section G.4 – Wetland Protection

Appendix G: Supplement to Section G.7 – Threatened Species (PNDI)

• Appendix H: Supplement to Section H – Alternative Sewage Facilities Analysis

Appendix I: Supplement to Section J – Flow Table Footnotes and Dry Weather Flow

Calculation

Appendix J: Supplement to Section J –
 Sewage Flow Path Map

Appendix K: Component 4A - Municipal Planning Agency Review

Appendix L: Component 4C - County or Joint Health Department Review



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

Code No.

SEWAGE FACILITIES PLANNING MODULE

Component 3. Sewage Collection and Treatment Facilities

(Return completed module package to appropriate municipality)

DEP USE ONLY						
DEP CODE #	CLIENT ID #	SITE ID#	APS ID#	AUTH ID #		

This planning module component is used to fulfill the planning requirements of Act 537 for the following types of projects: (1) a subdivision to be served by sewage collection, conveyance or treatment facilities, (2) a tap-in to an existing collection system with flows on a lot of 2 EDU's or more, or (3) the construction of, or modification to, wastewater collection, conveyance or treatment facilities that will require DEP to issue or modify a Clean Streams Law permit. Planning for any project that will require DEP to issue or modify a permit cannot be processed by a delegated agency. Delegated agencies must send their projects to DEP for final planning approval.

This component, along with any other documents specified in the cover letter, must be completed and submitted to the municipality with jurisdiction over the project site for review and approval. All required documentation must be attached for the Sewage Facilities Planning Module to be complete. Refer to the instructions for help in completing this component.

REVIEW FEES: Amendments to the Sewage Facilities Act established fees to be paid by the developer for review of planning modules for land development. These fees may vary depending on the approving agency for the project (DEP or delegated local agency). Please see section R and the instructions for more information on these fees.

NOTE: All projects must complete Sections A through I, and Sections O through R. Complete Sections J, K, L, M and/or N if applicable or marked **S**.

A. PROJECT INFORMATION (See Section A of instructions)

- 1. Project Name Josephine Street Townhomes
- 2. Brief Project Description Scope of the project includes the construction of 18 3-bedroom townhomes and 14 4-bedroom townhomes. Previous use of the site was as a parking lot.

B. CLIENT (MUNICIPALITY) INFO	DRMATION (S	See Section B of instru	uctions	s)		
Municipality Name	County		ty	Boro		Twp
City of Pittsburgh	Allegheny (County 🗵	3			
Municipality Contact Individual - Last Name	First Name	N	MI	Suffix	Title	
Prendergast	Kyla				Sr. Enviror Planner	nmental
Additional Individual Last Name	First Name	N	MI	Suffix	Title	
Municipality Mailing Address Line 1		Mailing Address Line	e 2			
Department of City Planning		200 Ross St, 4th Floo	or			
Address Last Line City		State		ZIP+4		
Pittsburgh		PA		15219-	2409	
Area Code + Phone + Ext.	FAX (optional)	Er	mail (o	ptional)		
412-255-2516		ky	yla.prei	ndergast@	pittsburghp	a.gov

C. SITE INFORMATION (See	Section C of in	structio	ns)					
Site (Land Development or Project)) Name							
Josephine Street Townhomes								
Site Location Line 1 215 S 21 ST St			Site Loc	cation	Line 2			
Site Location Last Line City		State		ZIF	P+4		Latitude	Longitude
Pittsburgh		PA			203		40.42	79.98
Detailed Written Directions to Site St								
and S 10th St Bridge/Phillip Murray B	ridge to Muriel	St. Ther	n, Take S	3 11th	St, Saral	n St, Jane	St and S 21	st St to arrive at
the project site.								
Description of Site The site currently 12-P-170, 12-P-178, 12-P-185, 12-P-	•	ing lot,	and is m	ade u	p of the fo	ollowing p	arcels: 12-P	-163, 12-P-166,
Site Contact (Developer/Owner)								
Last Name	First Name			MI	Suffix	Phone	Э	Ext.
Gillespie	Marty					412-7	70-7029	
Site Contact Title		S	Site Conta	act Fi	rm (if non	e, leave b	olank)	
		L	aurel Co	mmu	nities			
FAX		E	Email					
			32					
Mailing Address Line 1		N	Mailing A	ddres	s Line 2			
2585 Washington Rd								
Mailing Address Last Line City		S	State		ZI	P+4		
Pittsburgh		F	PA		15	5241		
D. PROJECT CONSULTAN	T INFORMAT	ΓΙΟN (See Sect	ion D	of instruc	ctions)		
Last Name	F	First Na	me				MI	Suffix
Gorman	(Greg						
Title	(Consulti	ing Firm I	Name)			
PLA	F	PVE, LL						
Mailing Address Line 1			Mailing A	ddres	s Line 2			
2000 Georgetown Dr			Suite 101					
Address Last Line – City		State		ZIP+	-		Country	
Sewickley		PA		1514	3		USA	E 4 3 /
	Code + Phone 44-1100		Ext.				Area Code -	FAX
E. AVAILABILITY OF DRIN		R SUP	PIY					
E. AVAILABILITY OF BRIDE	MINO WATE	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \						
The project will be provided wit	h drinking wate	r from th	ne followi	ng so	ource: (Cl	heck appr	opriate box)	
Individual wells or cisterns.								
A proposed public water su	ipply.							
An existing public water su	pply.							
If existing public water sup					of the water	er compa	ny and attac	h documentation
from the water company sta	ating that it will s	serve th	e project					
Name of water company: I	Pittsburgh Wate	r & Sew	er Autho	rity				
F. PROJECT NARRATIVE	See Section Fig	of instru	ctions)					

The applicant may choose to include additional information beyond that required by Section F of the instructions.

Э.	PROPOSED WASTEWATER DISPOSAL FACILITIES (See Section G of instructions)						
	Check all boxes that apply, and provide information on collection, conveyance and treatment facilities and EDU served. This information will be used to determine consistency with Chapter 93 (relating to wastewater treatment requirements).						
	1.	CC	LLECTION SYSTEM				
		a.	Check appropriate box concerning collection system				
			New collection system Pump Station Force Main				
			Grinder pump(s)				
		Cle	an Streams Law Permit Number				
		b.	Answer questions below on collection system				
			Number of EDU's and proposed connections to be served by collection system. EDU's <u>5.5</u>				
			Connections 8				
			Name of:				
			existing collection or conveyance systemJosephine St - 48" Brick				
			owner Pittsburgh Water and Sewer Authority				
			existing interceptorMonongahela River Interceptor owner Allegheny County Sanitary Authority (ALCOSAN)				
	2.	W	STEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY				
		ED	ck all boxes that apply, and provide information on collection, conveyance and treatment facilities at J's served. This information will be used to determine consistency with Chapter(s) 91 (relating to generalisions), 92 (relating to national Pollution Discharge Elimination System permitting, monitoring an upliance) and 93 (relating to water quality standards).				
		a.	Check appropriate box and provide requested information concerning the treatment facility				
			☐ New facility ☐ Existing facility ☐ Upgrade of existing facility ☐ Expansion of existing facility				
			Name of existing facility ALCOSAN Woods Run WWTP				
			NPDES Permit Number for existing facility PA 0025984				
			Clean Streams Law Permit Number				
			Location of discharge point for a new facility. Latitude 40°28'34" N Longitude 80°02'44" W				
		b.	The following certification statement must be completed and signed by the wastewater treatment facili permitee or their representative.				
			As an authorized representative of the permittee, I confirm that the <u>ALCOSAN Woods Run</u> (Name from above) sewage treatment facilities can accept sewage flows from this project witho adversely affecting the facility's ability to achieve all applicable technology and water quality based efflue limits (see Section I) and conditions contained in the NPDES permit identified above.				
			Name of Permittee Agency, Authority, Municipality <u>ALCOSAN</u>				
			Name of Responsible Agent Shawn P. McWilliams, EIT				
			Agent Signature Seep Mwilling Date 06/05/2024				
			(Also see Section I. 4.)				

G. PROPOSED WASTEWATER DISPOSAL FACILITIES (Continued)

3. PLOT PLAN

The following information is to be submitted on a plot plan of the proposed subdivision.

- a. Existing and proposed buildings.
- b. Lot lines and lot sizes.
- c. Adjacent lots.
- d. Remainder of tract.
- Existing and proposed sewerage facilities. Plot location of discharge point, land application field, spray field, COLDS, or LVCOLDS if a new facility is proposed.
- f. Show tap-in or extension to the point of connection to existing collection system (if applicable).
- g. Existing and proposed water supplies and surface water (wells, springs, ponds, streams, etc.)
- h. Existing and proposed rights-of-way.
- Existing and proposed buildings, streets, roadways, access roads, etc.

- Any designated recreational or open space area.
- Wetlands from National Wetland Inventory Mapping and USGS Hydric Soils Mapping.
- I. Flood plains or Flood prone areas, floodways, (Federal Flood Insurance Mapping)
- m. Prime Agricultural Land.
- n. Any other facilities (pipelines, power lines, etc.)
- Orientation to north.
- p. Locations of all site testing activities (soil profile test pits, slope measurements, permeability test sites, background sampling, etc. (if applicable).
- q. Soils types and boundaries when a land based system is proposed.
- Topographic lines with elevations when a land based system is proposed

4. WETLAND PROTECTION

YES NO

5.

6.

a.			Are there wetlands in the project area? If yes, ensure these areas appear on the plot plan as shown in the mapping or through on-site delineation.
b.			Are there any construction activities (encroachments, or obstructions) proposed in, along, or through the wetlands? If yes, Identify any proposed encroachments on wetlands and identify whether a General Permit or a full encroachment permit will be required. If a full permit is required, address time and cost impacts on the project. Note that wetland encroachments should be avoided where feasible. Also note that a feasible alternative MUST BE SELECTED to an identified encroachment on an exceptional value wetland as defined in Chapter 105. Identify any project impacts on streams classified as HQ or EV and address impacts of the permitting requirements of said encroachments on the project.
PRI	МЕА	GRIC	ULTURAL LAND PROTECTION
YES	S N	10	
			Will the project involve the disturbance of prime agricultural lands?
			If yes, coordinate with local officials to resolve any conflicts with the local prime agricultural land protection program. The project must be consistent with such municipal programs before the sewage facilities planning module package may be submitted to DEP.
			If no, prime agricultural land protection is not a factor to this project.
		\leq	Have prime agricultural land protection issues been settled?
HIS	TORI	C PRI	ESERVATION ACT
YES	S N	Ю	
			Sufficient documentation is attached to confirm that this project is consistent with DEP

Technical Guidance 012-0700-001 *Implementation of the PA State History Code* (available online at the DEP website at www.dep.state.pa.us, select "subject" then select "technical guidance"). As a minimum this includes copies of the completed Cultural Resources Notice

(CRN), a return receipt for its submission to the PHMC and the PHMC review letter.

		PROTECT ck one:	TION OF RARE, ENDANGERED OR THREATENED SPECIES
	\boxtimes	my sea	ennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory (PNDI) Project Environmental Review Receipt" resulting from arch of the PNDI database and all supporting documentation from jurisdictional agencies (wher ary) is/are attached.
		Form," (is attac planning will not Review	bleted "Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory (PNDI) Project Planning & Environmental Review (PNDI Form) available at www.naturalheritage.state.pa.us , and all required supporting documentation hed. I request DEP staff to complete the required PNDI search for my project. I realize that my g module will be considered incomplete upon submission to the Department and that the DEP review begin, and that processing of my planning module will be delayed, until a "PNDI Project Environmenta Receipt" and all supporting documentation from jurisdictional agencies (when necessary) is/are d by DEP.
		FEDALAS	Applicant or Consultant Initials
H.			TIVE SEWAGE FACILITIES ANALYSIS (See Section H of instructions)
			rnative sewage facilities analysis has been prepared as described in Section H of the attached ions and is attached to this component.
		The apprinstructi	blicant may choose to include additional information beyond that required by Section H of the attached ons.
. COMPLIANCE WITH WATER QUALITY STANDARDS AND EFFLUENT LIMITATION Section I of instructions) (Check and complete all that apply.)			
	1.	Waters	designated for Special Protection
		id	he proposed project will result in a new or increased discharge into special protection waters as lentified in Title 25, Pennsylvania Code, Chapter 93. The Social or Economic Justification (SEJ) equired by Section 93.4c. is attached.
	2.	Pennsy	vlvania Waters Designated As Impaired
		id	he proposed project will result in a new or increased discharge of a pollutant into waters that DEP has lentified as being impaired by that pollutant. A pre-planning meeting was held with the appropriate EP regional office staff to discuss water quality based discharge limitations.
	3.	Intersta	ate and International Waters
		Α	he proposed project will result in a new or increased discharge into interstate or international waters pre-planning meeting was held with the appropriate DEP regional office staff to discuss effluen nitations necessary to meet the requirements of the interstate or international compact.
	4	Tributa	ries To The Chesapeake Bay
		C in aı ni to fa pı aı	the proposed project result in a new or increased discharge of sewage into a tributary to the hesapeake Bay. This proposal for a new sewage treatment facility or new flows to an existing facility cludes total nitrogen and total phosphorus in the following amounts: pounds of TN per year and pounds of TP per year. Based on the process design and effluent limits, the total trogen treatment capacity of the wastewater treatment facility is pounds per year and the stall phosphorus capacity is pounds per year as determined by the wastewater treatment acility permitee. The permitee has determined that the additional TN and TP to be contributed by this project (as modified by credits and/or offsets to be provided) will not cause the discharge to exceed the next and the process design and effluent limits, the total phosphorus capacity is pounds per year as determined by the wastewater treatment acility permitee. The permitee has determined that the additional TN and TP to be contributed by this project (as modified by credits and/or offsets to be provided) will not cause the discharge to exceed the next allocations is trached.
			ame of Permittee Agency, Authority, Municipality
		In	nitials of Responsible Agent (See Section G 2.b)

watershed requirements.

See Special Instructions (Form 3800-FM-BPNPSM0353-1) for additional information on Chesapeake Bay

☑ J. CHAPTER 94 CONSISTENCY DETERMINATION (See Section J of instructions)

Projects that propose the use of existing municipal collection, conveyance or wastewater treatment facilities, or the construction of collection and conveyance facilities to be served by existing municipal wastewater treatment facilities must be consistent with the requirements of Title 25, Chapter 94 (relating to Municipal Wasteload Management). If not previously included in Section F, include a general map showing the path of the sewage to the treatment facility. If more than one municipality or authority will be affected by the project, please obtain the information required in this section for each. Additional sheets may be attached for this purpose.

- 1. Project Flows 14,200 gpd
- 2. Total Sewage Flows to Facilities (pathway from point of origin through treatment plant)

When providing "treatment facilities" sewage flows, use Annual Average Daily Flow for "average" and Maximum Monthly Average Daily Flow for "peak" in all cases. For "peak flows" in "collection" and "conveyance" facilities, indicate whether these flows are "peak hourly flow" or "peak instantaneous flow" and how this figure was derived (i.e., metered, measured, estimated, etc.).

- a. Enter average and peak sewage flows for each proposed or existing facility as designed or permitted.
- b. Enter the average and peak sewage flows for the most restrictive sections of the existing sewage facilities.
- c. Enter the average and peak sewage flows, projected for 5 years (2 years for pump stations) through the most restrictive sections of the existing sewage facilities. Include existing, proposed (this project) and future project (other approved projects) flows.

To complete the table, refer to the instructions, Section J.

1 1-0		d/or Permitted	b. Present	Flows (gpd)	c. Projected Flows in 5 years (gpd) (2 years for P.S.)			
	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak		
Collection	17820015	62370052	110978	213858	68417	239461		
Conveyance	6610000	6610000	1800000	1960000	1832300	1993900		
Treatment	250000000	250000000	175900000	250000000	251454000	480000000		

3. Collection and Conveyance Facilities

The questions below are to be answered by the sewer authority, municipality, or agency responsible for completing the Chapter 94 report for the collection and conveyance facilities. These questions should be answered in coordination with the latest Chapter 94 annual report and the above table. The individual(s) signing below must be legally authorized to make representation for the organization.

YES	NO

a. This project proposes sewer extensions or tap-ins. Will these actions create a hydraulic overload within five years on any existing collection or conveyance facilities that are part of the system?

If yes, this sewage facilities planning module will not be accepted for review by the municipality, delegated local agency and/or DEP until all inconsistencies with Chapter 94 are resolved or unless there is an approved Corrective Action Plan (CAP) granting an allocation for this project. A letter granting allocations to this project under the CAP must be attached to the module package.

If no, a representative of the sewer authority, municipality, or agency responsible for completing the Chapter 94 report for the collection and conveyance facilities must sign below to indicate that the collection and conveyance facilities have adequate capacity and are able to provide service to the proposed development in accordance with both §71.53(d)(3) and Chapter 94 requirements and that this proposal will not affect that status.

b. Collection System

Name of Agency, Authority, Mur	nicipality Pi	ittsburgh	Water	and	Sewer	Authority	
Name of Responsible Agent	Zach		Digitally signed by Zach Rinker DN: cn=Zach Rinker,				
Agent Signature	Rinker	Date: 2024.05.17 1 04'00'		ate			

☑ J. CHAPTER 94 CONSISTENCY DETERMINATION (See Section J of instructions)
c. Conveyance System
Name of Agency, Authority, MunicipalityALCOSAN
Name of Responsible Agent Shawn P. McWilliams, EIT
Agent Signature ARP MWilliam
Date 06/05/2024
4. Treatment Facility
The questions below are to be answered by a representative of the facility permittee in coordination with the information in the table and the latest Chapter 94 report. The individual signing below must be legally authorized to make representation for the organization.
YES NO *ALCOSAN IS UNDER A CONSENT DECREE TO ADDRESS WET WEATHER OVERFLOWS.
a. This project proposes the use of an existing wastewater treatment plant for the disposal of sewage. Will this action create a hydraulic or organic overload within 5 years at that facility?
If yes, this planning module for sewage facilities will not be reviewed by the municipality, delegated local agency and/or DEP until this inconsistency with Chapter 94 is resolved or unless there is an approved CAP granting an allocation for this project. A letter granting allocations to this project under the CAP must be attached to the planning module.
If no, the treatment facility permittee must sign below to indicate that this facility has adequate treatment capacity and is able to provide wastewater treatment services for the proposed development in accordance with both §71.53(d)(3) and Chapter 94 requirements and that this proposal will not impact that status.
b. Name of Agency, Authority, MunicipalityALCOSAN
Name of Responsible Agent Shawn P. McWilliams, EIT
Agent Signature See Mweller
Date
☐ K. TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL OPTIONS (See Section K of instructions)
This section is for land development projects that propose construction of wastewater treatment facilities. Please note that, since these projects require permits issued by DEP, these projects may NOT receive final planning approval from a delegated local agency. Delegated local agencies must send these projects to DEP for final planning approval.
Check the appropriate box indicating the selected treatment and disposal option.
1. Spray irrigation (other than individual residential spray systems (IRSIS)) or other land application is proposed, and the information requested in Section K.1. of the planning module instructions are attached.
 Recycle and reuse is proposed and the information requested in Section K-2 of the planning module instructions is attached.
3. A discharge to a dry stream channel is proposed, and the information requested in Section K.3. of the planning module instructions are attached.
A discharge to a perennial surface water body is proposed, and the information requested in Section K.4. of the planning module instructions are attached.
L. PERMEABILITY TESTING (See Section L of instructions)
☐ The information required in Section L of the instructions is attached.
☐ M. PRELIMINARY HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY (See Section M of instructions)
☐ The information required in Section M of the instructions is attached.

1	N. DETA	ILED HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY (See Section N of instructions)
	☐ The	detailed hydrogeologic information required in Section N. of the instructions is attached.
0.	SEWA	GE MANAGEMENT (See Section O of instructions)
		oletion by the developer(project sponser), 4-5 for completion by the non-municipal facility agent and ion by the municipality)
1.		
	to assur	espond to the following questions, attach the supporting analysis, and an evaluation of the options available re long-term proper operation and maintenance of the proposed non-municipal facilities. If No, skip the ler of Section O.
2.	Project	Flows gpd
	Yes	No
3.		☐ Is the use of nutrient credits or offsets a part of this project?
		attach a letter of intent to puchase the necessary credits and describe the assurance that these credits and will be available for the remaining design life of the non-municipal sewage facility;
For	completi	on by non-municipal facility agent)
4.	Collection	on and Conveyance Facilities
		estions below are to be answered by the organization/individual responsible for the non-municipal collection veyance facilities. The individual(s) signing below must be legally authorized to make representation for the ation.
	Ye	
	a.	If this project proposes sewer extensions or tap-ins, will these actions create a hydraulic overload on any existing collection or conveyance facilities that are part of the system?
		s, this sewage facilities planning module will not be accepted for review by the municipality, delegated local cy and/or DEP until this issue is resolved.
	belov servi affec	, a representative of the organization responsible for the collection and conveyance facilities must sign w to indicate that the collection and conveyance facilities have adequate capacity and are able to provide ce to the proposed development in accordance with Chapter 71 §71.53(d)(3) and that this proposal will not that status.
	b.	Collection System Name of Responsible Organization
		Name of Responsible Agent
		Agent Signature
		Date
	c.	Conveyance System Name of Responsible Organization
		Name of Responsible Agent
		Agent Signature Date
		<u> </u>

3800-FM-BPNPSM0353 Rev. 2/2015 Form

8. 🗌 🖂

Sewage Plan?

. 0								
5.	Trea	atment F	acility					
				are to be answered by a representative of the facility permittee. The individual signing below rized to make representation for the organization.				
		103	110					
	a.			If this project proposes the use of an existing non-municipal wastewater treatment plant for the disposal of sewage, will this action create a hydraulic or organic overload at that facility?				
				ning module for sewage facilities will not be reviewed by the municipality, delegated local DEP until this issue is resolved.				
		capacity	y and is	nent facility permittee must sign below to indicate that this facility has adequate treatment able to provide wastewater treatment services for the proposed development in accordance of and that this proposal will not impact that status.				
	b.	Name o	of Facility					
		Name o	of Respor	nsible Agent				
		Agent S	Signature					
(For	comi			unicipality)				
6.		The SE	LECTED	O OPTION necessary to assure long-term proper operation and maintenance of the proposed acilities is clearly identified with documentation attached in the planning module package.				
P.	PUBLIC NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT (See Section P of instructions)							
	This section must be completed to determine if the applicant will be required to publish facts about the project in newspaper of general circulation to provide a chance for the general public to comment on proposed new lar development projects. This notice may be provided by the applicant or the applicant's agent, the municipality or the local agency by publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality affected. Where a applicant or an applicant's agent provides the required notice for publication, the applicant or applicant's agent should be municipality or local agency and the municipality and local agency will be relieved of the obligation publish. The required content of the publication notice is found in Section P of the instructions.							
				ction, each of the following questions must be answered with a "yes" or "no". Newspaper d if any of the following are answered "yes".				
	Υ	es No						
	1.		Does th	ne project propose the construction of a sewage treatment facility?				
	2.		Will the	e project change the flow at an existing sewage treatment facility by more than $50,000$ gallons $\sqrt{?}$				
	3.		Will the	e project result in a public expenditure for the sewage facilities portion of the project in excess 0,000?				
	4.			e project lead to a major modification of the existing municipal administrative organizations he municipal government?				
	5.			e project require the establishment of <i>new</i> municipal administrative organizations within the bal government?				
	6.		Will the	e project result in a subdivision of 50 lots or more? (onlot sewage disposal only)				
	7.		Does th	ne project involve a major change in established growth projections?				

Does the project involve a different land use pattern than that established in the municipality's Official

P. PUBLIC NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT cont'd. (See Section P of instructions)							
	9. 🗌 🖂	Does the project involve the use of gpd)?	large volume onlot sewage disposal systems (Flow > 10,000				
,	10. 🗌 🗵		f a conflict between the proposed alternative and consistency)(i), (ii), (iii)?				
	11. 🗌 🗎		gh quality or exceptional value waters?				
[Attached	is a copy of:					
	the public notice,						
	☐ all comments received as a result of the notice,						
	the municipal response to these comments.						
[No comments were received. A copy of the public notice is attached.						
Q.	FALSE SW	VEARING STATEMENT (See Sect	ion Q of instructions)				
I verify that the statements made in this component are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief. I understand that false statements in this component are made subject to the penalties of 18 PA C.S.A. §4904 relating to unsworn falsification to authorities.							
Lucas	s Kammerer		Lucas Kammerer				
a		Name (Print)	Signature				
Civil E	EIT	Title	03/19/2024 Date				
2000	Georgetown [Or Suite #101, Sewickley, PA 15143	724-444-1100				
2000	- Coorgotomir I	Address	Telephone Number				
R.	REVIEW F	EE (See Section R of instructions)					
The Sewage Facilities Act establishes a fee for the DEP planning module review. DEP will calculate the review fee for the project and invoice the project sponsor OR the project sponsor may attach a self-calculated fee payment to the planning module prior to submission of the planning package to DEP. (Since the fee and fee collection procedures may vary if a "delegated local agency" is conducting the review, the project sponsor should contact the "delegated local agency" to determine these details.) Check the appropriate box.							
☐ I request DEP calculate the review fee for my project and send me an invoice for the correct amount. I understand DEP's review of my project will not begin until DEP receives the correct review fee from me for the project.							
in P re se	☑ I have calculated the review fee for my project using the formula found below and the review fee guidance in the instructions. I have attached a check or money order in the amount of \$1,775 payable to "Commonwealth of PA, DEP". Include DEP code number on check. I understand DEP will not begin review of my project unless it receives the fee and determines the fee is correct. If the fee is incorrect, DEP will return my check or money order, send me an invoice for the correct amount. I understand DEP review will NOT begin until I have submitted the correct fee.						
n	I request to be exempt from the DEP planning module review fee because this planning module creates only on new lot and is the only lot subdivided from a parcel of land as that land existed on December 14, 1995. I realize the subdivision of a second lot from this parcel of land shall disqualify me from this review fee exemption. I am furnishing the following deed reference information in support of my fee exemption.						
С	County Record	er of Deeds for	County, Pennsylvania				
D	eed Volume _		Book Number				
			Date Recorded				

R. REVIEW FEE (continued)

Formula:

1. For a new collection system (with or without a Clean Streams Law Permit), a collection system extension, or individual tap-ins to an existing collection system use this formula.

The fee is based upon:

- The number of lots created or number of EDUs whichever is higher.
- For community sewer system projects, one EDU is equal to a sewage flow of 400 gallons per day.
- 2. For a surface or subsurface discharge system, use the appropriate one of these formulae.
 - A. A new surface discharge greater than 2000 gpd will use a flat fee:
 - \$1,500 per submittal (non-municipal)
 - \$ 500 per submittal (municipal)
 - B. An increase in an existing surface discharge will use:

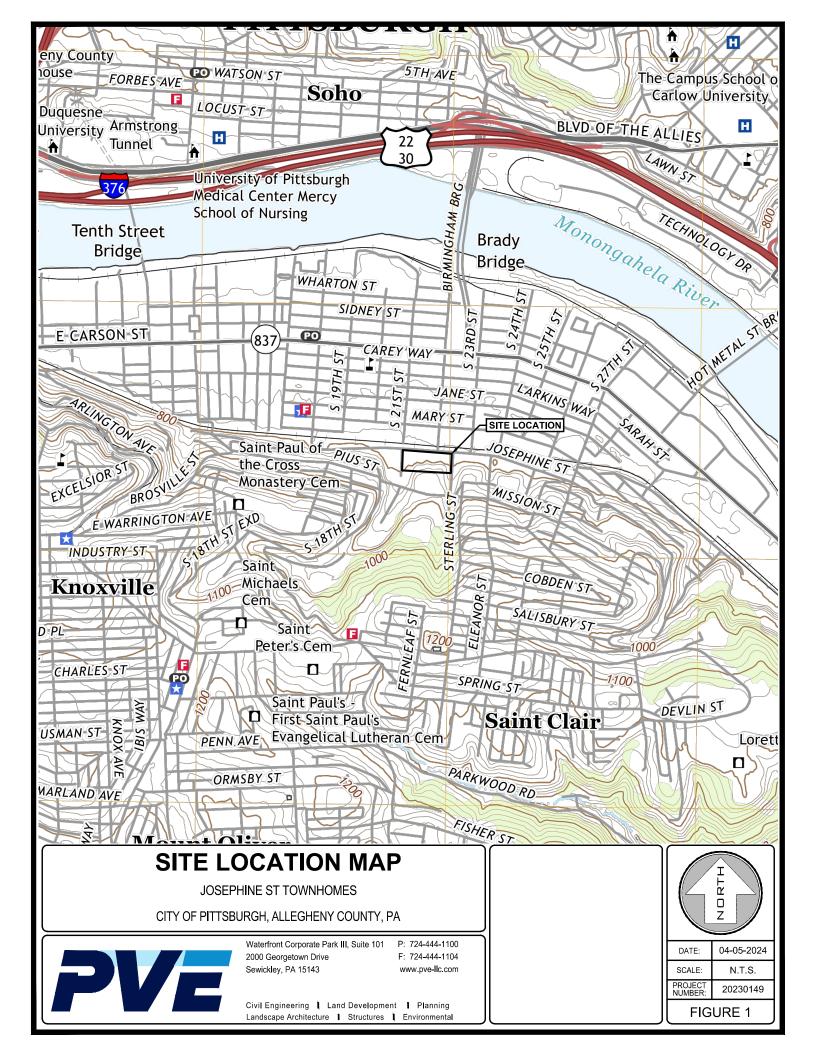
to a maximum of \$1,500 per submittal (non-municipal) or \$500 per submittal (municipal)

The fee is based upon:

- The number of lots created or number of EDUs whichever is higher.
- For community sewage system projects one EDU is equal to a sewage flow of 400 gallons per day.
- For non-single family residential projects, EDUs are calculated using projected population figures
- C. A sub-surface discharge system that requires a permit under The Clean Streams Law will use a flat fee:
 - \$1,500 per submittal (non-municipal)
 - \$ 500 per submittal (municipal)

COMPONENT 3 APPENDIX

APPENDIX A: SITE LOCATION MAP



APPENDIX B: SOILS MAP



NRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Allegheny County, Pennsylvania



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require

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Contents

Preface	2
How Soil Surveys Are Made	
Soil Map	
Soil Map	9
Legend	10
Map Unit Legend	11
Map Unit Descriptions	11
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	13
UCE—Urban land-Culleoka complex, steep	13
URB—Urban land-Rainsboro complex, gently sloping	14
References	16

How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

-

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

(o)

Blowout

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Borrow Pit

Ж

Clay Spot

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Closed Depression

Š

Gravel Pit

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Gravelly Spot

0

Landfill

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Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

2

Mine or Quarry

0

Miscellaneous Water
Perennial Water

0

Rock Outcrop

+

Saline Spot

. .

Sandy Spot

-

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

&

Slide or Slip

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Sodic Spot

8

Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other

Δ

Special Line Features

Water Features

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Streams and Canals

Transportation

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Rails

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Interstate Highways

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US Routes

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Major Roads

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Local Roads

Background

1

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15.800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Allegheny County, Pennsylvania Survey Area Data: Version 19, Sep 4, 2023

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 11, 2021—Nov 16, 2021

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
UCE	Urban land-Culleoka complex, steep	0.7	40.2%		
URB	Urban land-Rainsboro complex, gently sloping	1.1	59.8%		
Totals for Area of Interest		1.8	100.0%		

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Allegheny County, Pennsylvania

UCE—Urban land-Culleoka complex, steep

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 15q0 Elevation: 720 to 1,280 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 50 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 57 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 80 percent

Culleoka and similar soils: 15 percent

Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Human transported material

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: variable

Properties and qualities

Slope: 25 to 35 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 inches to

Runoff class: Very high

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8s

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Culleoka

Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from nonacid siltstone, fine-grained

sandstone, and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: silt loam

H2 - 7 to 27 inches: channery silt loam H3 - 27 to 29 inches: very flaggy clay loam

H4 - 29 to 31 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 25 to 65 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to high (0.00

to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F126XY004OH - Side Slope

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Gilpin

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

URB—Urban land-Rainsboro complex, gently sloping

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 15q3 Elevation: 700 to 1,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 46 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 62 degrees F

Frost-free period: 130 to 176 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 75 percent

Rainsboro and similar soils: 20 percent

Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Human transported material

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: variable

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 inches to

Runoff class: Very high

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8s

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rainsboro

Setting

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Old alluvium

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 9 inches: silt loam H2 - 9 to 26 inches: silt loam H3 - 26 to 40 inches: silt loam

H4 - 40 to 60 inches: sandy clay loam H5 - 60 to 72 inches: gravelly sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 19 to 30 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 9.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F126XY008OH - Tread

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Ginat

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: Yes

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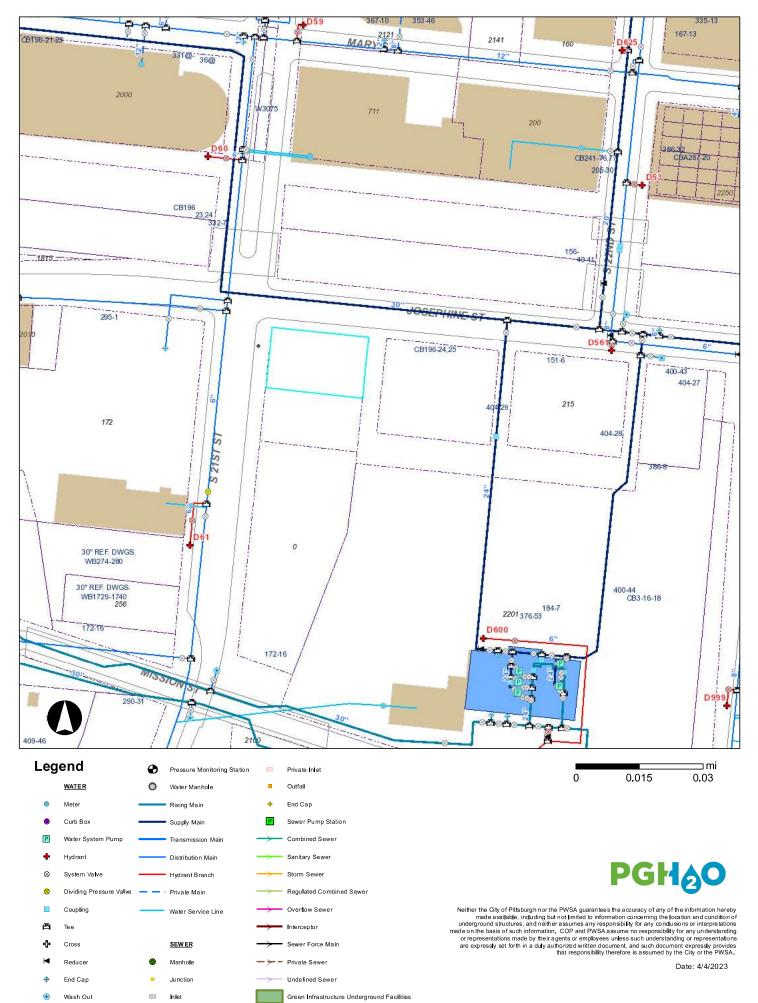
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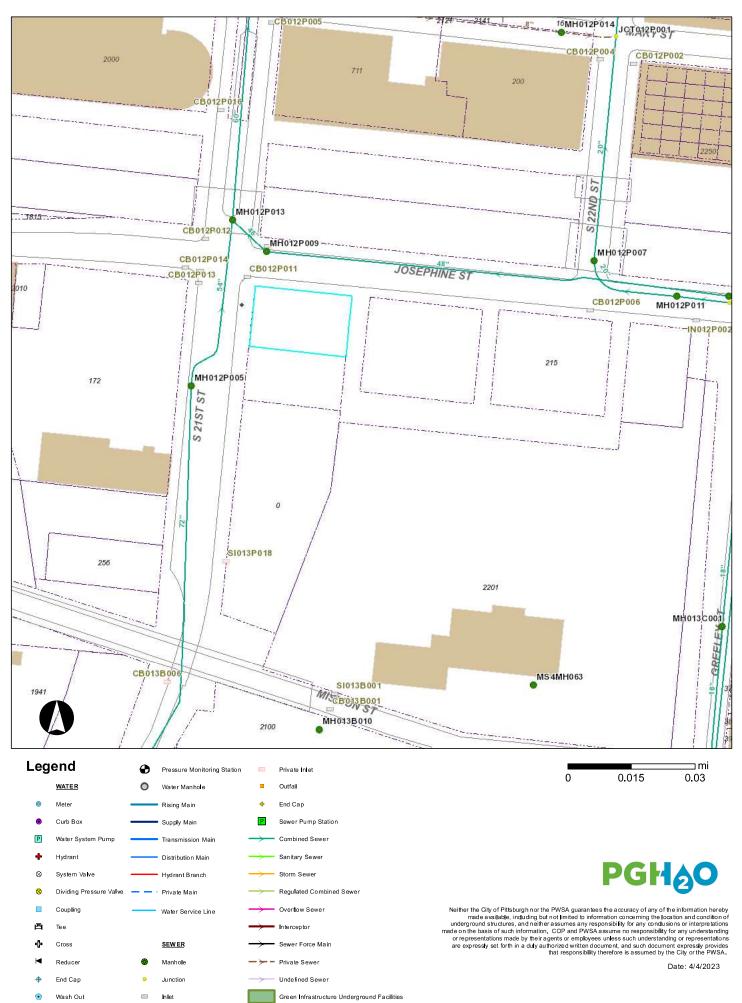
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APPENDIX C: UTILITY AVAILABILITY LETTER FROM PITTSBURGH WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY (PWSA)

215 S. 21st Street - Water



215 S. 21st Street - Sewer



APPENDIX D: SECTION F PROJECT NARRATIVE

Section F – Project Narrative

Josephine Street Townhomes

Proposed Method of Sewage Service:

Laurel Communities is proposing to develop an existing parking lot into (14) 4-bedroom and (18) 3-bedroom townhomes, located in the 16th Ward of the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania (see Figure 1). The development will generate approximately 14,200 gallons per day into the system and is to be treated by the ALCOSAN Woods Run treatment facility.

The proposed townhomes will be serviced by an existing gravity operated collection system which is owned and operated by the Pittsburgh Water and Sewer Authority. From this point sewage is then conveyed to the ALCOSAN Monongahela River Interceptor, and finally to the ALCOSAN Woods Run treatment facility.

The project is to be constructed at 215 S 21st St, Pittsburgh, PA 15203, near its intersection with Josephine St. The total property boundary is approximately 0.23 acres of which approximately 0.23 acres will be disturbed.

Justification of Anticipated Flows:

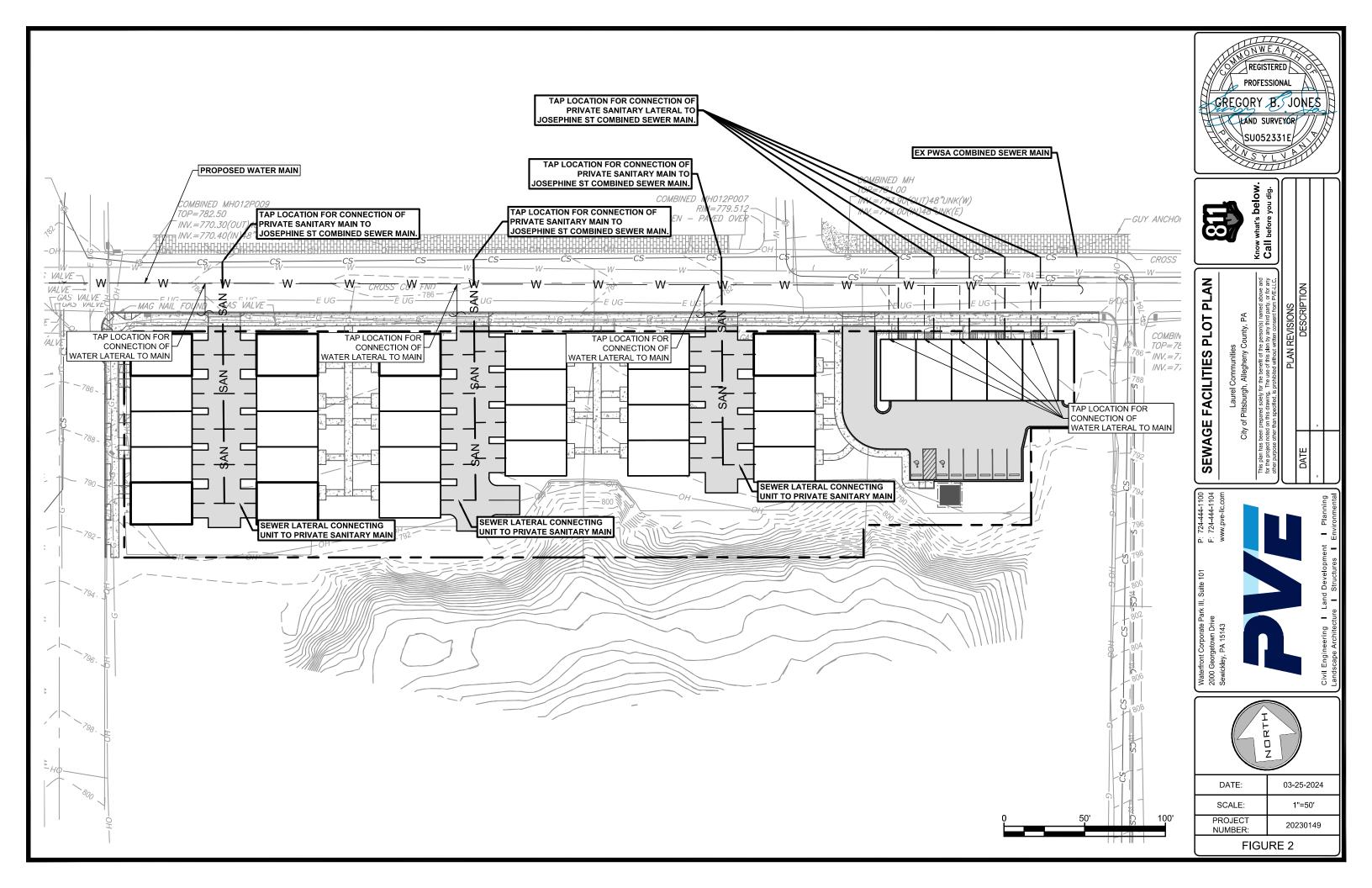
Daily anticipated flow was calculated using peak daily wastewater flow estimates from Table 3.1 of the PWSA 2023 Developer's Manual:

Unit Type	No. of	Flow/Unit	Total Flow	Description
	Units			
3-Bedroom	18	400 GPD/Unit	7,200 GPD	(18) 3-Bedroom Townhomes
Townhome				
4-Bedroom	14	500 GPD/Unit	7,000 GPD	(14) 4-Bedroom Townhomes
Townhome				

<u>Justification of Slope Used in Calculations</u>

To complete the calculations detailed in Section J, the slope of the most limited capacity sewer (MLCS) was taken from the MLCS Spreadsheet provided by PWSA, dated February 23, 2024. This spreadsheet can be found on the following page. The MLCS was identified by PWSA as the sewer segment with the upstream manhole MH012P008 and downstream manhole MH012P009, with the slope of this segment given as 0.68%.

APPENDIX E: PLOT PLANS FOR SEWAGE FACILITY PLANNING PURPOSES



APPENDIX F: WETLAND PROTECTION

Section 3.G – Wetland Protection

Josephine Street Townhomes

No wetlands are known to exist in the area to be developed for this project.

APPENDIX G: THREATENED SPECIES (PNDI)

Project Search ID: PNDI-810316

1. PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name: Josephine Street Townhomes

Date of Review: 3/19/2024 12:43:26 PM

Project Category: Development, Residential, Subdivision containing more than 2 lots and/or 2 single-family

units

Project Area: **2.90 acres** County(s): **Allegheny**

Township/Municipality(s): PITTSBURGH

ZIP Code:

Quadrangle Name(s): **PITTSBURGH EAST** Watersheds HUC 8: **Lower Monongahela**

Watersheds HUC 12: Streets Run-Monongahela River

Decimal Degrees: 40.424585, -79.975475

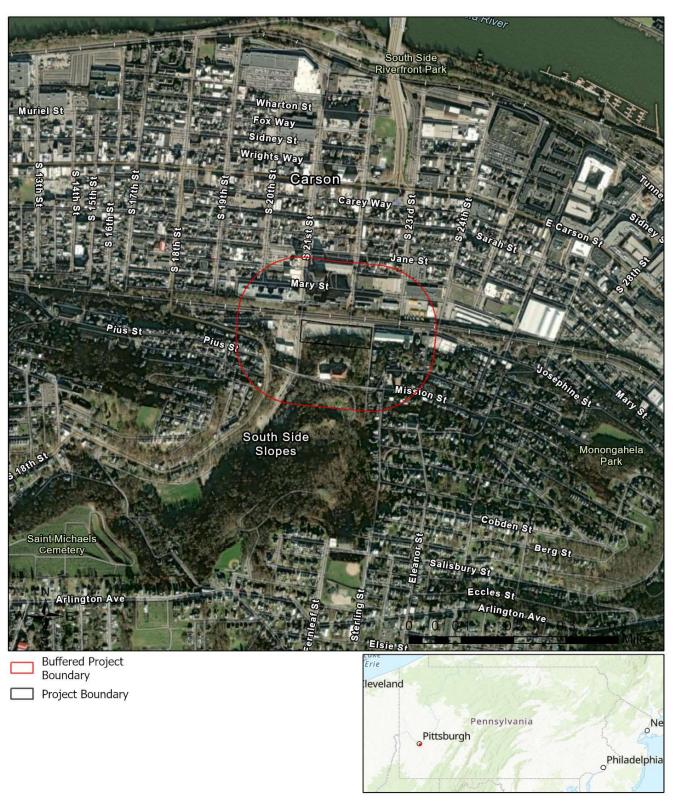
Degrees Minutes Seconds: 40° 25' 28.5069" N, 79° 58' 31.7099" W

2. SEARCH RESULTS

Agency	Results	Response
PA Game Commission	No Known Impact	No Further Review Required
PA Department of Conservation and Natural Resources	No Known Impact	No Further Review Required
PA Fish and Boat Commission	No Known Impact	No Further Review Required
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	No Known Impact	No Further Review Required

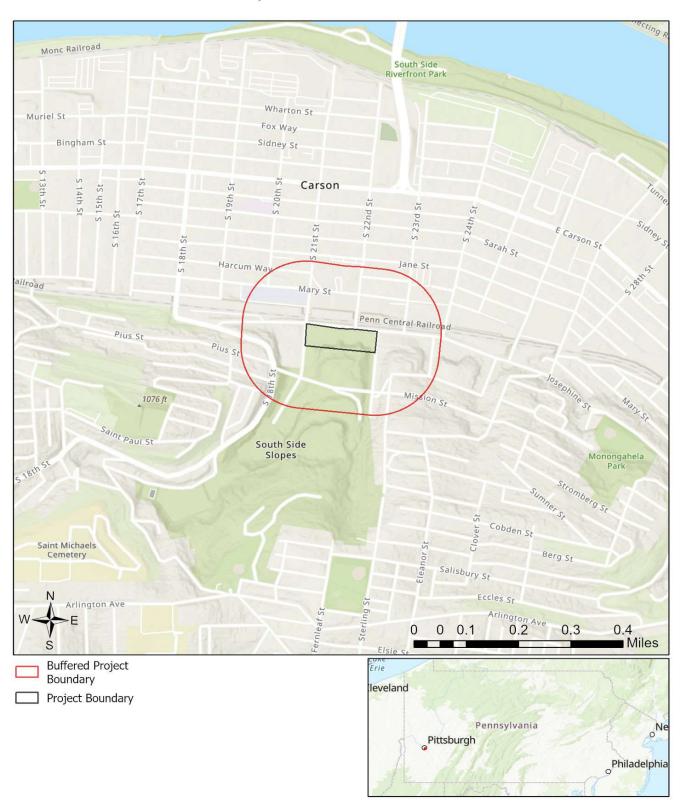
As summarized above, Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory (PNDI) records indicate no known impacts to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources within the project area. Therefore, based on the information you provided, no further coordination is required with the jurisdictional agencies. This response does not reflect potential agency concerns regarding impacts to other ecological resources, such as wetlands.

Josephine Street Townhomes



Sources: Esri, Airbus DS, USGS, NGA, NASA, CGIAR, N Robinson, NCEAS, NLS, OS, NMA, Geodatastyrelsen, Rijkswaterstaat, GSA, Geoland, FEMA, Intermap and the GIS user community

Josephine Street Townhomes



Sources: Esri, Airbus DS, USGS, NGA, NASA, CGIAR, N Robinson, NCEAS, NLS, OS, NMA, Geodatastyrelsen, Rijkswaterstaat, GSA, Geoland, FEMA, Intermap and the GIS user community

RESPONSE TO QUESTION(S) ASKED

Q1: The proposed project is in the range of the Indiana bat. Describe how the project will affect bat habitat (forests, woodlots and trees) and indicate what measures will be taken in consideration of this. Round acreages up to the nearest acre (e.g., 0.2 acres = 1 acre).

Your answer is: No forests, woodlots or trees will be affected by the project.

Q2: Is tree removal, tree cutting or forest clearing of 40 acres or more necessary to implement all aspects of this project?

Your answer is: No

3. AGENCY COMMENTS

Regardless of whether a DEP permit is necessary for this proposed project, any potential impacts to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources must be resolved with the appropriate jurisdictional agency. In some cases, a permit or authorization from the jurisdictional agency may be needed if adverse impacts to these species and habitats cannot be avoided.

These agency determinations and responses are **valid for two years** (from the date of the review), and are based on the project information that was provided, including the exact project location; the project type, description, and features; and any responses to questions that were generated during this search. If any of the following change: 1) project location, 2) project size or configuration, 3) project type, or 4) responses to the questions that were asked during the online review, the results of this review are not valid, and the review must be searched again via the PNDI Environmental Review Tool and resubmitted to the jurisdictional agencies. The PNDI tool is a primary screening tool, and a desktop review may reveal more or fewer impacts than what is listed on this PNDI receipt. The jurisdictional agencies **strongly advise against** conducting surveys for the species listed on the receipt prior to consultation with the agencies.

PA Game Commission

RESPONSE:

No Impact is anticipated to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources.

PA Department of Conservation and Natural Resources RESPONSE:

No Impact is anticipated to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources.

PA Fish and Boat Commission RESPONSE:

No Impact is anticipated to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service RESPONSE:

No impacts to **federally** listed or proposed species are anticipated. Therefore, no further consultation/coordination under the Endangered Species Act (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq. is required. Because no take of federally listed species is anticipated, none is authorized. This response does not reflect potential Fish and Wildlife Service concerns under the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act or other authorities.

Project Search ID: PNDI-810316

Project Search ID: PNDI-810316

4. DEP INFORMATION

The Pa Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) requires that a signed copy of this receipt, along with any required documentation from jurisdictional agencies concerning resolution of potential impacts, be submitted with applications for permits requiring PNDI review. Two review options are available to permit applicants for handling PNDI coordination in conjunction with DEP's permit review process involving either T&E Species or species of special concern. Under sequential review, the permit applicant performs a PNDI screening and completes all coordination with the appropriate jurisdictional agencies prior to submitting the permit application. The applicant will include with its application, both a PNDI receipt and/or a clearance letter from the jurisdictional agency if the PNDI Receipt shows a Potential Impact to a species or the applicant chooses to obtain letters directly from the jurisdictional agencies. Under concurrent review, DEP, where feasible, will allow technical review of the permit to occur concurrently with the T&E species consultation with the jurisdictional agency. The applicant must still supply a copy of the PNDI Receipt with its permit application. The PNDI Receipt should also be submitted to the appropriate agency according to directions on the PNDI Receipt. The applicant and the jurisdictional agency will work together to resolve the potential impact(s). See the DEP PNDI policy at https://conservationexplorer.dcnr.pa.gov/content/resources.



Project Search ID: PNDI-810316

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The PNDI environmental review website is a preliminary screening tool. There are often delays in updating species status classifications. Because the proposed status represents the best available information regarding the conservation status of the species, state jurisdictional agency staff give the proposed statuses at least the same consideration as the current legal status. If surveys or further information reveal that a threatened and endangered and/or special concern species and resources exist in your project area, contact the appropriate jurisdictional agency/agencies immediately to identify and resolve any impacts.

For a list of species known to occur in the county where your project is located, please see the species lists by county found on the PA Natural Heritage Program (PNHP) home page (www.naturalheritage.state.pa.us). Also note that the PNDI Environmental Review Tool only contains information about species occurrences that have actually been reported to the PNHP.

6. AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

PA Department of Conservation and Natural Resources

Bureau of Forestry, Ecological Services Section 400 Market Street, PO Box 8552 Harrisburg, PA 17105-8552

Email: RA-HeritageReview@pa.gov

PA Fish and Boat Commission

Division of Environmental Services 595 E. Rolling Ridge Dr., Bellefonte, PA 16823

Email: RA-FBPACENOTIFY@pa.gov

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Pennsylvania Field Office Endangered Species Section 110 Radnor Rd; Suite 101 State College, PA 16801 Email: <u>IR1_ESPenn@fws.gov</u>

NO Faxes Please

PA Game Commission

Bureau of Wildlife Management Division of Environmental Review 2001 Elmerton Avenue, Harrisburg, PA 17110-9797

Email: RA-PGC PNDI@pa.gov

NO Faxes Please

7. PROJECT CONTACT INFORMATION

lame: Lucas Kammerer	THE THE PERSON OF THE PERSON O
Company/Business Name: PVE, LLC	
Address: 2000 Georgetown Suite #101	
City, State, Zip: Sewickley, PA 15143	51(an 2)) A 8()
Phone:(724) 444-1100 Fax:()	
Email: Ikammerer@pve-llc.com	J1911 /SKSTSF
CERTIFICATION certify that ALL of the project information contained in this receipt (includisize/configuration, project type, answers to questions) is true, accurate and ocation, size or configuration changes, or if the answers to any questions change, I agree to re-do the online environmental review.	d complete. In addition, if the project type,
Lucas Kammerer	03/19/2024
pplicant/project proponent signature	date

APPENDIX H: ALTERNATIVE ANALYSIS

Section H – Alternative Sewage Facilities Analysis

Josephine Street Townhomes

Proposed Method of Sewage Disposal

The proposed townhomes will ultimately be serviced by an existing gravity operated collection system which is owned and operated by Pittsburgh Water and Sewer Authority. The flows will be conveyed into an existing ALCOSAN interceptor and into the ALCOSAN sewage treatment plant.

Alternative Methods Considered

An alternative method of sewage disposal includes an individual septic system. Various factors such as failure rates of septic systems, desirability of developed lot, and size of the developed lot are all deterrents to installing a septic system.

Alternative Alignments Considered

In keeping with the proposed method of sewage disposal, which is to tap-in to an existing PWSA gravity sewer, different alternatives are available with respect to the connection points to the existing system. The proposed alignment which will convey sewage from the proposed site to the existing ALCOSAN sewage system was determined to be the optimal layout based on distance, slope, and elevation.

Conclusion

The proposed method of providing sewer service to the proposed townhomes via tap-ins to the existing PWSA gravity sewer is considered ultimate. The fact that an existing sewage interceptor and sewage treatment plant is nearby greatly reduces the justification for thoroughly considering various alternative methods.

APPENDIX I: CHAPTER 94 CONSISTENCY DETERMINATION FOOTNOTES

Section J – Chapter 94 Consistency Determination Footnotes

Josephine Street Townhomes

- (1) Design/Permitted collection system peak design capacity computed using static Manning's analysis based on existing 48" brick pipe combined sanitary sewer, with slope of 0.68%, Manning's n-value of 0.016 and full flow depth = **62,370,052 gpd**.
- (2) Design/Permitted collection system average design capacity computed using static Manning's analysis based on existing 48" brick pipe combined sanitary sewer, with slope of 0.68%, Manning's n-value of 0.016 and full flow depth, divided by a peaking factor of 3.5 for combination sewers = **17,820,015 gpd.**
- (3) Present collection system peak flow as measured during the flow monitoring period (see subsequent pages for full tabular report of data) = **213,858 gpd**.
- (4) Present collection system average flow as measured during the flow monitoring period (see subsequent pages for full tabular report of data) = **110,978 gpd**.
- (5) Projected collection system peak flow in 5 years computed using the present peak flows computed in Footnote 4 plus project flows of 14,200 gpd, multiplied by a 5% growth factor = **239,461 gpd**.
- (6) Projected collection system average flow computed using the projected peak flow computed in Footnote 5, divided by a peaking factor of 3.5 for combination sewers = **68,417 gpd**.

Note: An overview of Manning's equation calculations referenced above is provided on the following page. Additionally, please find the full tabular report of flow monitoring data on subsequent pages.

REGISTERED
PROFESSIONAL

ADAM DAVID MOTCHENBAUGH
ENGINEER
PE081275
SYLJA

adan & Motchenlaugh

Dry Weather Flow and Design Capacity Calculations

Josephine Street Townhomes

Given: 48" brick combined sewer at a slope of 0.68% (S), and Manning's N Value = 0.016.

Peak Design Capacity of Pipe Calculation:

Full Flow Capacity, Pipe Diameter = 48 in or 4.0 ft (D).

Area of Flow in Pipe =
$$\frac{\pi D^2}{4}$$
, therefore $A = \frac{\pi (4.0)^2}{4}$ $A = 12.57 \, ft^2$

Wetted Perimeter = πD , therefore $P = \pi (4.0) = 12.57$ ft

Hydraulic Radius
$$(R_h) = \frac{A}{P}$$
, therefore $R_h = \frac{12.57\,ft^2}{12.57\,ft} = 1.0\,ft$

$$Q = \frac{1.49}{n} (R_h)^{\frac{2}{3}} (S)^{\frac{1}{2}} A(0.64632), therefore$$

$$Q = \frac{1.49}{0.016} (1.0)^{\frac{2}{3}} (0.007)^{\frac{1}{2}} (12.57) (0.64632), \ Q = 62.37 \ MGD$$

^{*}Slope taken from MLCS Spreadsheet provided by PWSA.

^{*}Flow monitoring occurred from 2/27/2024 to 3/28/2024, conducted by The EADS Group at manhole MH012P009.

PVE

Monthly Flow Report 215 South 21st Street MH-012P009

Location Date Installed
S. 21st St. 2/27/2024

Date	Total (gal)
Feb 1, 2024	
Feb 2, 2024	
Feb 3, 2024	
Feb 4, 2024	
Feb 5, 2024	
Feb 6, 2024	
Feb 7, 2024	
Feb 8, 2024	
Feb 9, 2024	
Feb 10, 2024	
Feb 11, 2024	
Feb 12, 2024	
Feb 13, 2024	
Feb 14, 2024	
Feb 15, 2024	
Feb 16, 2024	
Feb 17, 2024	
Feb 18, 2024	
Feb 19, 2024	
Feb 20, 2024	
Feb 21, 2024	
Feb 22, 2024	
Feb 23, 2024	
Feb 24, 2024	
Feb 25, 2024	
Feb 26, 2024	
Feb 27, 2024	95,824
Feb 28, 2024	133,549
Feb 29, 2024	83,900

313,273	= Total Monthly Flow (gpd)		
104,424	= Average Monthly Flow (gpd)		
83,900	= Minimum Monthly Flow (gpd)		
133,549	= Maximum Monthly Flow (gpd)		

PVE

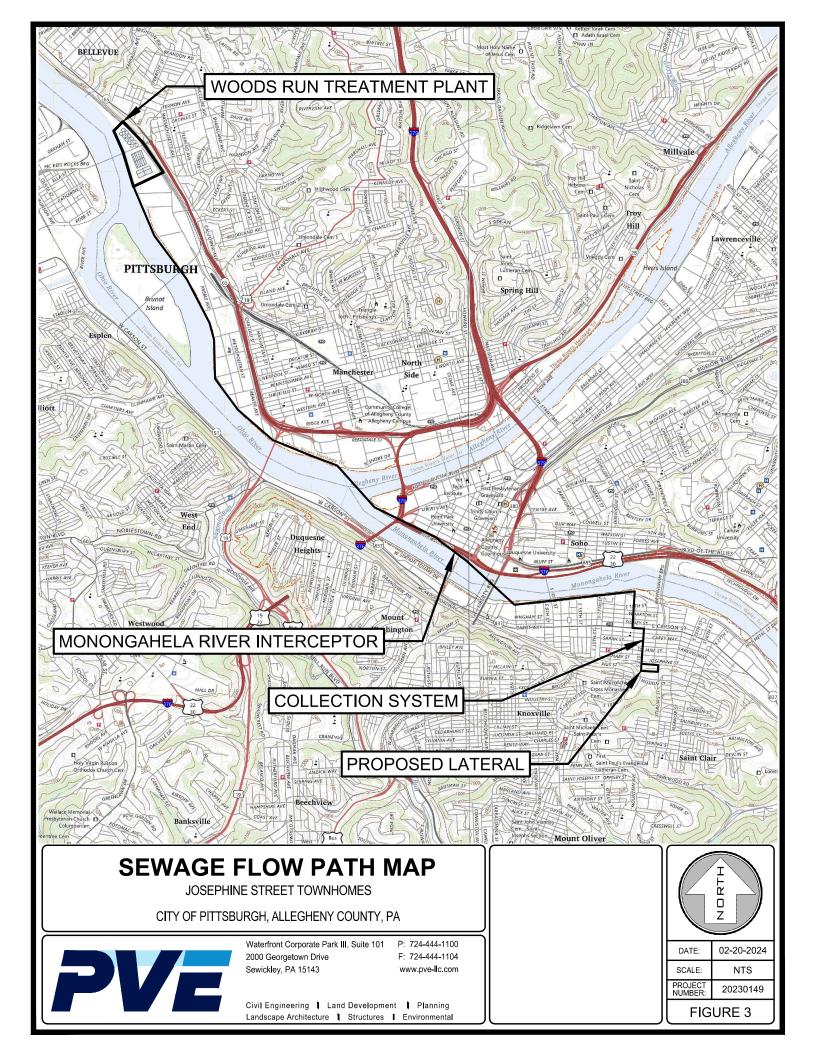
Monthly Flow Report 215 South 21st Street MH-012P009

Location Date Installed
S. 21st St. 2/27/2024

Date	Total (gal)
Mar 1, 2024	74,503
Mar 2, 2024	112,202
Mar 3, 2024	99,696
Mar 4, 2024	93,718
Mar 5, 2024	97,778
Mar 6, 2024	124,020
Mar 7, 2024	126,980
Mar 8, 2024	121,884
Mar 9, 2024	213,858
Mar 10, 2024	153,686
Mar 11, 2024	104,278
Mar 12, 2024	94,429
Mar 13, 2024	102,118
Mar 14, 2024	108,720
Mar 15, 2024	112,323
Mar 16, 2024	85,803
Mar 17, 2024	87,672
Mar 18, 2024	99,042
Mar 19, 2024	107,108
Mar 20, 2024	107,551
Mar 21, 2024	103,037
Mar 22, 2024	107,503
Mar 23, 2024	121,593
Mar 24, 2024	101,024
Mar 25, 2024	99,640
Mar 26, 2024	169,654
Mar 27, 2024	110,381
Mar 28, 2024	86,851
Mar 29, 2024	
Mar 30, 2024	
Mar 31, 2024	

3,127,052	= Total Monthly Flow (gpd)		
111,680	= Average Monthly Flow (gpd)		
74,503	= Minimum N	Monthly Flow (gpd)	
213,858	= Maximum Monthly Flow (gpd)		

APPENDIX J: SEWAGE FLOW PATH MAP



APPENDIX K: COMPONENT 4A MUNICIPAL PLANNING AGENCY REVIEW



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF CLEAN WATER

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING COMPONENT 4A MUNICIPAL PLANNING AGENCY REVIEW

Remove and recycle these instructions prior to mailing component to the approving agency.

Background

This component, Component 4, is used to obtain the comments of planning agencies and/or health departments having jurisdiction over the project area. It is used in conjunction with other planning module components appropriate to the characteristics of the project proposed.

Who Should Complete the Component?

The component should be completed by any existing municipal planning agency, county planning agency, planning agency with areawide jurisdiction, and/or health department having jurisdiction over the project site. It is divided into sections to allow for convenient use by the appropriate agencies.

The project sponsor must forward copies of this component, along with supporting components and data, to the appropriate planning agency(ies) and health department(s) (if any) having jurisdiction over the development site. These agencies are responsible for responding to the questions in their respective sections of Component 4, as well as providing whatever additional comments they may wish to provide on the project plan. After the agencies have completed their review, the component will be returned to the applicant. The agencies have 60 days in which to provide comments to the applicant. If the agencies fail to comment within this 60 day period, the applicant may proceed to the next stage of the review without the comments. The use of registered mail or certified mail (return receipt requested) by the applicant when forwarding the module package to the agencies will document a date of receipt.

After receipt of the completed Component 4 from the planning agencies, or following expiration of the 60 day period without comments, the applicant must submit the entire component package to the municipality having jurisdiction over the project area for review and action. If approved by the municipality, the proposed plan, along with the municipal action, will be forwarded to the approving agency (Department of Environmental Protection or delegated local agency). The approving agency, in turn, will either approve the proposed plan, return it as incomplete, or disapprove the plan, based upon the information provided.

Instructions for Completing Planning Agency and/or Health Department Review Component

Section A. Project Name

Enter the project name as it appears on the accompanying sewage facilities planning module component (Component 2, 2m, 3, 3s or 3m).

Section B. Review Schedule

Enter the date the package was received by the reviewing agency, and the date that the review was completed.

Section C. Agency Review

- 1. Answer the yes/no questions and provide any descriptive information necessary on the lines provided. Attach additional sheets, if necessary.
- 2. Complete the name, title, and signature block.

Section D. Additional Comments

The Agency may provide whatever additional comment(s) it deems necessary, as described in the form. Attach additional sheets, if necessary.



X

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF CLEAN WATER

DEP Code #:	

SEWAGE FACILITIES PLANNING MODULE COMPONENT 4A - MUNICIPAL PLANNING AGENCY REVIEW

Note to Project Sponsor: To expedite the review of your proposal, one copy of your completed planning module package and one copy of this Planning Agency Review Component should be sent to the local municipal planning agency for their comments. SECTION A. PROJECT NAME (See Section A of instructions) **Project Name** Josephine St Townhomes SECTION B. **REVIEW SCHEDULE** (See Section B of instructions) 1. Date plan received by municipal planning agency 8/29/2024 Date review completed by agency 9/4/2024 SECTION C. **AGENCY REVIEW** (See Section C of instructions) Yes No X Is there a municipal comprehensive plan adopted under the Municipalities Planning Code (53 P.S. 10101, et seq.)? N/A □ Is this proposal consistent with the comprehensive plan for land use? 2. If no, describe the inconsistencies X Is this proposal consistent with the use, development, and protection of water resources? 3. If no, describe the inconsistencies X Is this proposal consistent with municipal land use planning relative to Prime Agricultural Land Preservation? X Does this project propose encroachments, obstructions, or dams that will affect wetlands? If yes, describe impacts Will any known historical or archaeological resources be impacted by this project? \mathbf{X} 6. If yes, describe impacts Will any known endangered or threatened species of plant or animal be impacted by this \mathbf{X} 7. project? If yes, describe impacts Is there a municipal zoning ordinance? 8. Is this proposal consistent with the ordinance? \mathbf{X} 9. If no, describe the inconsistencies In review X 10. Does the proposal require a change or variance to an existing comprehensive plan or zoning ordinance? X 11. Have all applicable zoning approvals been obtained?

12. Is there a municipal subdivision and land development ordinance?

3850-FM-BCW0362A 6/2016

SECTIO	N C.	AGEN	CY REVIEW (continued)
Yes	No		
	×	13.	Is this proposal consistent with the ordinance?
			If no, describe the inconsistencies In review
X		14.	Is this plan consistent with the municipal Official Sewage Facilities Plan?
			If no, describe the inconsistencies
	×	15.	Are there any wastewater disposal needs in the area adjacent to this proposal that should be considered by the municipality?
			If yes, describe
	×	16.	Has a waiver of the sewage facilities planning requirements been requested for the residual tract of this subdivision?
			If yes, is the proposed waiver consistent with applicable ordinances?
			If no, describe the inconsistencies
		17.	Name, title and signature of planning agency staff member completing this section: Name: Kyla Prendergast
			Title: Senior Environmental Planner
			Signature: Kyla Prendergast
			Date: 9/4/2024
			Name of Municipal Planning Agency: Department of City Planning
			Address 100 Ross Street, Suite 202, Pittsburgh, PA 15219
			Telephone Number: 412-255-2676
SECTIO	N D.	ADDIT	IONAL COMMENTS (See Section D of instructions)
			ot limit municipal planning agencies from making additional comments concerning the relevancy other plans or ordinances. If additional comments are needed, attach additional sheets.

The planning agency must complete this component within 60 days.

This component and any additional comments are to be returned to the applicant.

APPENDIX L: COMPONENT 4C COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT REVIEW

COUNTYOF



ALLEGHENY

July 5, 2024

Greg Gorman, PLA PVE, LLC 2000 Georgetown Drive Sewickley, PA 15143

RE: SEWAGE FACILITIES PLANNING MODULE Josephine Street Townhomes-Pittsburgh Allegheny County, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Gorman:

Enclosed is a signed copy of Component 4C, County or Joint County Health Department Review, for the above-referenced development. This Planning Module Component was received on June 25, 2024, and the missing document was received on May 6, 2024. The project proposes the following:

Project Description: The project Involves construction of 18 three-bedroom and 14

four-bedroom townhouses on a site previously used as a parking

lot.

Sewage Flow: 14,200 GPD

Conveyance: Sewage from proposed building will be collected and

> transported by PWSA to the Monongahela River Interceptor and ultimately conveyed to ALCOSAN for

treatment.

Sewer's Owner: PWSA (collection), ALCOSAN (interceptor)

ALCOSAN Sewage Treatment Plant:

Please be advised that a permit must be obtained from the Allegheny County Health Department's (ACHD) Plumbing Section prior to commencing any plumbing work for the proposed project. Plumbing work for which an ACHD Plumbing Permit must be obtained includes any plumbing work done on the site and any sewers, which will not be owned and operated by a municipality or a sewer authority.





In addition, it should be noted that the approval of this sewage facilities planning module does not include approval of pipe size and/or type. Approval for pipe size and/or type must be obtained by filing a specific plumbing plan with the ACHD's Plumbing Section. If you should have any questions relative to ACHD's plumbing requirements, please contact Drew Grese, Plumbing Program Manager at 412-578-8055.

The ACHD has no objection to the approval of this project. If you have any questions, please call me at 412-578-8046.

Sincerely,

Issa Tijani

Environmental Health Engineer II

Water Pollution Control & Solid Waste Management

Enclosure

cc: Regis Ryan, PA Department of Environmental Protection w/attachment Drew Grese, ACHD w/attachment pennsylvania

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF CLEAN WATER

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING COMPONENT 4C COUNTY OR JOINT HEALTH DEPARTMENT REVIEW

Remove and recycle these instructions prior to mailing component to the approving agency.

Background

This component, Component 4, is used to obtain the comments of planning agencies and/or health departments having jurisdiction over the project area. It is used in conjunction with other planning module components appropriate to the characteristics of the project proposed.

Who Should Complete the Component?

The component should be completed by any existing municipal planning agency, county planning agency, planning agency with areawide jurisdiction, and/or health department having jurisdiction over the project site. It is divided into sections to allow for convenient use by the appropriate agencies.

The project sponsor must forward copies of this component, along with supporting components and data, to the appropriate planning agency(ies) and health department(s) (if any) having jurisdiction over the development site. These agencies are responsible for responding to the questions in their respective sections of Component 4, as well as providing whatever additional comments they may wish to provide on the project plan. After the agencies have completed their review, the component will be returned to the applicant. The agencies have 60 days in which to provide comments to the applicant. If the agencies fail to comment within this 60 day period, the applicant may proceed to the next stage of the review without the comments. The use of registered mail or certified mail (return receipt requested) by the applicant when forwarding the module package to the agencies will document a date of receipt.

After receipt of the completed Component 4 from the planning agencies, or following expiration of the 60 day period without comments, the applicant must submit the entire component package to the municipality having jurisdiction over the project area for review and action. If approved by the municipality, the proposed plan, along with the municipal action, will be forwarded to the approving agency (Department of Environmental Protection or delegated local agency). The approving agency, in turn, will either approve the proposed plan, return it as incomplete, or disapprove the plan, based upon the information provided.

Instructions for Completing Planning Agency and/or Health Department Review Component

Section A. Project Name

Enter the project name as it appears on the accompanying sewage facilities planning module component (Component 2, 2m, 3, 3s or 3m).

Section B. Review Schedule

Enter the date the package was received by the reviewing agency, and the date that the review was completed.

Section C. Agency Review

- 1. Answer the yes/no questions and provide any descriptive information necessary on the lines provided. Attach additional sheets, if necessary.
- 2. Complete the name, title, and signature block.

Section D. Additional Comments

The Agency may provide whatever additional comment(s) it deems necessary, as described in the form. Attach additional sheets, if necessary.



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF CLEAN WATER

DEP	Code #:	
	0000 #.	

SEWAGE FACILITIES PLANNING MODULE COMPONENT 4C - COUNTY OR JOINT HEALTH DEPARTMENT REVIEW

Note to Project Sponsor: To expedite the review of your proposal, one copy of your completed planning module backage and one copy of this <i>Planning Agency Review Component</i> should be sent to the county or joint county health department for their comments.
SECTION A. PROJECT NAME (See Section A of instructions)
Project Name
losephine Street Townhomes
SECTION B. REVIEW SCHEDULE (See Section B of instructions)
Date plan received by county or joint county health department 6/25/2024
Agency name Allegheny County Health Department (ACHD)
2. Date review completed by agency 7/5/2024
SECTION C. AGENCY REVIEW (See Section C of instructions)
Yes No
1. Is the proposed plan consistent with the municipality's Official Sewage Facilities Plan?
If no, what are the inconsistencies?
Are there any wastewater disposal needs in the area adjacent to this proposal that should be considered by the municipality?
If yes, describe
☐ ☑ 3. Is there any known groundwater degradation in the area of this proposal?
If yes, describe
4. The county or joint county health department recommendation concerning this proposed plan is as follows: ACHD recommends approval. Please see attached letter.
5. Name, title and signature of person completing this section:
Name: Issa Tijani
Title: Environmental Health Engineer
Signature:
Date: 7/5/2024
Name of County Health Department: Allegheny County Health Department
Address: 3901 Penn Avenue, Building #5, Pittsburgh, PA 15224
Telephone Number: 412-578-8046
SECTION D. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS (See Section D of instructions)
This component does not limit county planning agencies from making additional comments concerning the relevancy of the proposed plan to other plans or ordinances. If additional comments are needed, attach additional sheets.
The county planning agency must complete this component within 60 days. This component and any additional comments are to be returned to the applicant.
the component and any additional comments are to be returned to the applicant.